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OUR CERTIFIED CIRCULATION.

The Reno GAZETTE has an extensive circulation in the State of Nevada and in other States and Territories.

JAMES H. KINKEAD.

Sworn to before me by MARK PARISH,
this 8th day of July, 1880.
Clerk of Washoe County.

WASHOE IN THE CONVENTION.

Modest worth deserves recognition, and while this county boasts of many citizens noted for their retiring natures, she selected men pre-eminent in modesty to represent her in the State Convention. Boardman, Varian, Shoemaker, Fowler, Fish, Everett, Marker, Kinney—what a bouquet of guileless re-bards. The GAZETTE must say what none of the members will say for it, that Washoe had the very foremost delegation in the Convention. Our Mr. Boardman was unanimously elected Chairman, and presided with a dignity, decision and firmness which made him many friends. The Convention tendered him a vote of thanks for the way in which he discharged the duties of the position. Mr. Fish was on the Committee on Credentials, where he did excellent service. Mr. Shoemaker served as Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, and all his work was approved. Hon. C. S. Varian was put on the Committee on Platforms and Resolutions, but it was on the floor that he did his best work. He seconded Beatty's nomination in one of the longest and best speeches of the meeting. He was listened to by the vast audience with breathless attention, and was applauded for minutes. Circumstances made Varian the leader of Beatty's fight. King, of Lyon, put the Judge in nomination, but he led only a part of his small delegation. Washoe gave eight solid votes for Beatty, and Varian sung out the ballot every roll call in a loud, clear voice which came to be waited for by the nervous ones. He was on his feet in every debate, and held his own with the brilliant Bishop and half a dozen of Storey county's delegation. The critical moment in the remarkable contest was on Thursday afternoon when the Convention reassembled after a recess, during which the Sabin and Taylor men had caucused, and Sabin had been fixed upon to beat Beatty. The Virginia delegation took to the arrangement very unkindly and failed to hold together sufficiently to elect. Varian saw the game instantly and gave Taylor part of Washoe's vote. The Virginians, thinking that meant they could get Taylor if they stood out, went back to him, and a series of skirmishes and all kinds of breaking were carried on amid the wildest excitement. Once again, when the Storey delegation was all ready to go to Sabin, giving him twenty-nine of her thirty-one votes, Varian again threw them his votes and upset them entirely. At this time Beatty had nearly enough to elect, and everyone crowded around the Washoe delegation, urging them frantically to change the vote to Beatty. Varian stood firm, however, and said "No, we will keep faith with Storey. When we throw a man a vote we will not change it," and the vote stood. Judge Beatty says he thinks it was the finest move of the day. On the whole Washoe county may well be proud of her delegation. She sent them with instructions to vote for and elect Daggett and Beatty if possible, and they did it, winning the longest and hardest fight ever made in Nevada.

THE SACRAMENTO CONVENTION.

The California Republican Convention chose General John F. Miller, of Napa, and Henry Edgerton of Sacramento as Electors at large, with Henry Cowell and W. T. Garrett as Alternates. Other electors were chosen as follows: Claus Spreckles, from the First District, with Charles Kohler as Alternate; Second District, Charles N. Fox of Alameda, with James A. Loughitt, Alternate; Third District, W. W. Kaig of Colusa, with Samuel Cassidy, Alternate; Fourth District, T. R. Bard of Ventura, with Walter S. Moore, Alternate.

The nominations for Congressmen were Horace Davis for the First District, H. F. Page for the Second (J. A. Eagan withdrawing), George A. Knight for the Third, and R. Pacheco for the Fourth.

The following Executive Committee was appointed by the Chairman, C. Fox, of Alameda: W. W. Morrow, D. B. Jackson, M. D. Boruck, W. F. Whittier, C. F. Bassett, F. L. Castle, David Bush, Daniel Cook, A. P. Williams, Richard Chute, John Martin, W. M. Bunker, all of San Francisco; J. B. Hardenburg of Alameda, J. P. Ames of San Mateo, F. C. Frank of Santa Clara.

The appointment of this committee caused considerable dissatisfaction. Pixley is reported as particularly severe in his allusion to Fox and members of the old committee. He said that whenever a \$500 check came to the old committee they swarmed around it like vultures over carrion, and never left the committee until a "divy" was made. After the Convention, Pixley swore that wealthy Republicans would not contribute money to conduct the campaign, since Fox had perpetuated the old machine power. The feeling gradually subsided, but many of the delegates assert that they were sold out in consenting that the Chairman should appoint the Executive Committee.

MORE LIGHT WANTED.

We would respectfully ask the Board of Examiners if they did not forget something yesterday. The Attorney General in his report says:

"From an examination of the books of the Controller and Treasurer and the counting of the money on the 14th day of June, 1880, by the Board of Examiners, I being one of them, the accounts of the Treasurer were found to be correct, and the amount called for by the Controller's books was in the vaults of the State, and not being able to form any satisfactory conclusion in my own mind how it was that L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, on the day last mentioned had deposited with the Reno Savings Bank the sum of \$7,947 45, and on the examination by the members of the Board of Examiners no deficiency is found in the State Treasury. If for no other cause than this I believe, in justice to the Board, we should order Mr. Crockett to appear before us and give a good and sufficient reason if he can, why and how this should occur."

The Board in their report of the matter say nothing, and Mr. Crockett offers no explanation on this point. The public would like a little light.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE.

We have no hesitation in saying that the triumph of Judge Beatty was a triumph of the people over machinery and corporations. The opposition that he met was not to be explained entirely on the ground of the personal popularity of Mr. Sabin and Col. Taylor. He found the bonanza men in a solid front against him on one side, and D. O. Mills' two railroads on the other, but they could not hold out against the people. It may take as hard work to elect the Judge as it did to nominate him.

CAMPAIGN PAPERS.

For one dollar we will send the Daily GAZETTE until November 5th, and the Weekly for fifty cents.

SLACKED LIME AND WATER.

In concluding its report yesterday the State Board says:

"We believe the Treasurer made a mistake, but entirely acquit him of any evil purpose or bad intent. We believe he had no other object than to accommodate the persons indebted to the State by receiving checks in lieu of money, and benefit the State by saving her the expense of collection."

We say to the Board, in all candor and with much regret, that this will not be satisfactory to the tax-payers of this State. The Board says:

"The Treasurer has been receiving the checks of individuals in payment for lands and other revenues, treating such checks and reporting the same to the Controller as cash, before the money was actually paid into the treasury; thus making it appear that the amount of money represented by the check was actually in the treasury before the check was paid, and when in fact and in law it was not."

When the Treasurer issued his receipt, then the money was in law in the treasury, and he had no more right to have it anywhere else than if it had been in a glass case which he must break open to get it out. The Treasurer's motives have nothing to do with the matter. The question is, has the law been violated? It is no difference whether the State lost money or not; the question is has the State money been used to bolster up rotten savings banks around the country. It is by men taking it upon themselves to violate the law, upon one plausible pretext and another, that the defalcations and crimes read of daily are produced. And it is not the question whether a man meant well, or even whether he knew what he was doing at all or not, but, has he violated his oath. The Treasurer's duties are not discretionary; he has no liberty; he receives moneys due the State and keeps them as the law directs in the place provided. He has no option; he has no discretion; he has no right to go out to collect money on land. Men who owe money must come to him and pay, and he must keep it there and no where else. If they don't pay, the State does not give them their land. We very much expect that this matter will be taken up by the people themselves, and that it will be decided against Mr. Crockett and the Board.

AN ANTI-CHINESE PLANK.

The California Republican Convention at Sacramento adopted a very strong anti-Chinese plank in its platform. That plank reads as follows:

"That in the most emphatic manner we declare that the presence of Chinese laborers upon this continent is detrimental to the best interests of the American people. That their immigration should be prohibited, and to that end the Burlingame treaty should be abrogated, and that Congress should pass such laws as will prevent the further immigration of Chinese to this coast. We endorse and approve the act of President Hayes in the appointment of a Commission to the Government of China for the purpose of modifying the Burlingame treaty. We especially approve and endorse that part of the National Republican platform that opposes Chinese immigration and thus declares the question to be one of national importance. That we endorse and approve the declaration of General Garfield in his letter of acceptance, in which he says: 'We cannot consent to allow any form of servile labor to be introduced among us under the guise of immigration.' and that 'it will be the duty of Congress to mitigate the evils already felt, and prevent their increase by such restriction as without violence or injustice will place upon a sure foundation the peace of our communities and the freedom and dignity of labor.' We call attention to the significance of General Hancock's silence upon this Chinese question in his letter of acceptance, and accept it as a proof conclusive that the Democratic party, under the influence of a Solid South, cannot be trusted to legislate upon this question of Chinese immigration."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A correspondent of the *Bulletin* thinks there is no need of being drowned, for, he says, "a person assuming a certain position in the water will be sustained on the surface any length of time, without moving a muscle, if the water is tolerably smooth. That position is simply to lay motionless on the back and clasp the hands behind. The body will be immersed, but the face will remain above the surface, affording ample means for respiration." Get somebody to try this, and be convinced.

Indians cannot brook the whip. The Sioux chiefs Spotted Tail and Red Cloud have taken their children away from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., because corporal punishment was inflicted there. "My boys and girls," said Spotted Tail to the Superintendent on a recent visit, "shall never be whipped by any one with my consent. I will not leave them at a school where the whip is used. A whipped boy is apt to grow up a whipped man. Unless he has some spirit or life in him, it is better that he knew nothing. A whipped man has neither spirit nor life."

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company was held on Wednesday. The Directors elected were: Charles Crocker, Charles F. Crocker, H. M. Newhall, Charles Mayne, W. V. Huntington, N. T. Smith, J. L. Willcutt. Subsequently, at a meeting of the Directors, the following officers were re-elected: President, Charles Crocker; Vice President, Charles F. Crocker; Treasurer, N. T. Smith; Secretary, J. L. Willcutt.

Mr. Crockett, in his reply to Attorney General Murphy, says that from time to time he took the money out of the Reno Savings Bank and deposited it all in the State vault. If Mr. Crockett could give the dates on which he made his "clean ups" it would perhaps be better. His account, which we publish elsewhere, does not show any time at which he had not large sums of money in the bank.

The complete census returns of the State of California have been published. The total population is 864,836, as against 560,247 in 1870, showing a gain of 304,589 in ten years. Alameda, Colusa, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Los Angeles, Merced, Mono, Shasta, Tehama and Tulare have each more than doubled in population since 1870. Alpine, Mariposa and Tuolumne have lost.

Fashionable dresses at London society balls are becoming tighter and tighter, thinner and thinner, shorter and shorter. One dress at a recent gathering of this sort is described as appearing like "a pink corset, laced down the back, with a very short, tight skirt." The fashionable world of London cannot be so very extravagant after all, since there is an apparent effort to make both ends meet in dress.

Arthur Brown is Superintendent of Construction, or something of that sort, for the Central Pacific. All the railroad buildings are, by his order, painted of the same color—a dark, reddish-brown. A gentleman lately perpetrated an excusable pun in reference to this color. Wishing to describe the hue of an article, he said it was of "an Arthur Brown color."

R. H. Taylor, of Storey, E. A. Morton, of Esmeralda, and O. H. Grey, of White Pine, are the Republican Presidential Electors for Nevada.

You who imbibe too freely from the flowing bowl at times, beware of chloral hydrate. Although often used by the poor inebriate after a debauch

to "set up" his trembling nerves, it is a deadly poison. Deaths from its reckless use are nearly every day reported in the newspapers. Ladies who use it should also be careful.

The most elastic fish known is the *chiasmus niger*. It can swallow a fish twice its own size. There is one in the Smithsonian that is only ten inches long, yet it contains doubled up in its stomach a fish over twenty inches in length and more than twice the weight of the *niger*. This helps to explain why the Democratic party, which contains twice as many rebels as Union men, is loyal.

The Toronto *Globe* is agitating for legislation to make seduction a criminal offense, punishable by imprisonment. It argues that the crime would be much less frequent if the law made it a felony. But, strange to say, the *Globe* seems to forget that offenders in this kind are not always of the male sex.

According to the San Francisco *Chronicle*, Dr. Lefevre was not in Oakland the night that Schroeder heard some person leave his house by the back door, as he entered it by the front door. It is said that the friends of Lefevre have ascertained who left the house on that eventful evening.

Col. J. H. Stump, formerly of Tuscarora, Nevada, is about to commence a fast on the 15th inst. at Baltimore. He will try to beat Dr. Tanner's record. The *Times-Review* says that the Colonel was noted in Tuscarora as a small eater. His Tuscarora friends are anxious to bet that he will beat Tanner.

That was a narrow escape for the London express train at Berwick-on-Tweed. The rails were torn up for a distance, and it is a wonder that the coaches did not leave the track. The train is sometimes jocularly called "the flying Scotchman," and runs a mile a minute.

Because 1,500 Indians in Manitoba have pillaged a trader's store the Canadian newspapers say they must be starving. That seems to be a curious inference. It takes only a small number of white men to break a trader's store in this country, and they don't do it because they are starving, either.

J. H. Ludly at Princeton, Illinois, has commenced a twenty-four days' fast, on a wager of \$500. He has all the beer he wants but no food or water. There are plenty of men in Reno who stand ready to undertake a fast on the same conditions, provided that other parties do the betting.

The Democrats are now taking a warm interest in the negro. Mr. English is deeply interested in a scheme for colonizing negroes in Indiana. All through the campaign the Democratic press may be expected to refer to "our colored citizens," or "our African voters."

News comes from Chicago that a young man arrested and charged with murder has gone mad. This is out of the usual course. If criminal lawyers may be believed, it is usual for murderers to go mad just previous to the commission of their crime.

The annual meeting of the Central Pacific stockholders was held on Tuesday. Directors were elected as follows: Leland Stanford, C. P. Huntington, Charles Crocker, C. F. Crocker, E. H. Miller, Jr., V. Huntington and E. W. Hopkins.

It appears that the office of Justice of the Peace in Ireland is not without its dangers. A Galway Justice was struck by three bullets yesterday while riding home. Being a prudent man, he had on a coat of mail from which the balls glanced harmlessly.

Edison is getting on swimmingly with his electric railroad. He means

to raise the speed to 200 miles an hour. Edison is a professional inventor. He keeps sixty-five men constantly employed in his laboratory and machine shop.

First it was telegraphed that a thousand pilgrims had been drowned in the Indian ocean by the founding of a steamer. It has since been learned that the steamer was abandoned and the pilgrims saved.

In his lecture in San Francisco Erring Brother Talmage, referring to Mormonism, said there was never built a house large enough to hold two wives. An ancient authority has it there never was a house large enough to hold two women.

Carl Ernest Bock, for many years Professor of Pathological Anatomy at the University of Leipzig, in a published volume of medical writings, says, on the topic of hunger, that by the use of water a person may go without food for fifty days or more; doubtless meaning to indicate merely a remote possibility.

An Ohio girl has made herself blind by the use of arsenic to "improve" her complexion. She was about to be married, but the young man has decided to wait until he recovers her sight, or else worry along without her.

Serious trouble is anticipated in Ireland. The tenants in the west of the island, especially in Limerick, are said to have large quantities of arms, imported from America, and to be secretly drilling. It is rumored that 1,400 Enfield rifles have been sent into the country from Dublin in the last few months.

Somaambulism, or sleep-walking, is not usually regarded as a very serious thing. But now that a North Carolina sleep-walker has cut off the head of a sleeping bed-fellow, the society of somnambulists will not be generally desired at night.

One Dr. Duncan has written a book entitled "How to Get Plump," wherein he contends that the way to gain flesh is to drink plenty of water. He does not approve of drinking cold water at meals. The Doctor's plan of gaining flesh does not involve much expense, and the lean should try it.

The construction of the debris dams on the Yuba river should provide plenty of work for idle men. The contractors have already advertised for 300 men and 150 teams. The *Bee* estimates that there will be work for 1,000 men.

The decease of General Schenck is expected. He is seventy-one years old and has Bright's disease. Man is mortal, but who can say that draw poker is?

It is related of the artist Cano that on his deathbed he refused to take the crucifix from the priest because of its bad workmanship.

Now that New York has a vagrant cat law, the city authorities are wrestling with the problem of how to kill the captive cats.

A thousand operatives have been thrown out of employment by the burning of the Otis stocking factory at Ware, Mass.

Those doctors who predicted that Tanner would surely die if he fasted forty days—are they not sorry that he lives?

The case of Alfred Chartz, before the Board of Pardons, is indefinitely postponed, to comply with certain requirements.

Edward F. Schroeder, who killed Dr. Lefevre at Oakland, has been denied bail.

A RECONSIDERATION CALLED FOR.

Sober second thought must have convinced the State Board of Examiners and the State Treasurer that it will not do to go to the country with their explanation of the State's account with the Reno Bank. In the interest of good government, in the interests of the Republican party, in the interest of the State Board, and in the interest of Mr Crockett himself, it is the duty of some one to ventilate the matter completely. In the interest of good government, because no discipline can be maintained in the public service if men are allowed to follow their own inclinations instead of the law; and because the principle must be maintained that tax payers have a right to know what public officers are doing at all times. In the interest of the Republican party, because we are just entering upon a hard campaign. Mr. Crockett and the Board have no right to handicap the party with unexplained irregularities. The voters of this State are not blind nor are they idiots. They do not want to carry such transparencies as the Board gave them last Friday, through this fight. In the interest of the Board, because they now report that there were thousands of dollars short at the times when they examined the accounts and counted the money, reporting it all there. Such an admission advertises the grossest incompetency or worse. There must be some explanation, and it is wrong to leave the political and personal enemies of these gentlemen to say that a Republican Governor, and Republican Secretary of State were in collusion with a Republican Treasurer in using the State funds; in the interest of Mr. Crockett himself, because there are things in his report that can be construed against him. He does not show that he drew the State moneys at any time until the bank failed. He does not demonstrate clearly how the moneys were paid in. The account should be checked off item by item, with the credits he gave when he received the checks. He should silence evil by showing every item came from and what it was for. He does not say whether he drew interest from the bank or not. A balance of seven thousand dollars, at Reno rates, would add a hundred dollars to his salary, and his enemies may say that he made haste to be rich. It is said that the bank came very near suspending last October. In October the account was credited with one item of ten thousand dollars. Bad men might associate these two facts. The first item of Mr. Crockett's account seems to be an over draft. He took out three hundred dollars on August first, 1879, when the State only had fifty-five dollars and twelve cents there. Why should the State of Nevada borrow two hundred and fifty dollars when she has two hundred and fifty thousand in her own vault? Mr. Crockett can undoubtedly explain these things, and the public has a right to ask it. In all fairness he should do himself justice in this matter. He cannot ignore it. People are talking about it. The Democrats will use it with telling effect against the party. We are all willing and anxious to be convinced and it will be an easy matter to silence evil, but it can not be done by ignoring self evident facts.

THE EUREKA FIRE.

The people of Reno deeply sympathize with the people of Eureka in the calamity which has overtaken them. Our citizens know too well what it is to be burnt out of house and home. We are satisfied that a call for aid from Eureka would meet with a generous and prompt response from our people, dull as times are here. No such call has been issued, and as the weather at this season is not inclement, the sufferers by the fire cannot be exposed to any great personal hardships.

The *Enterprise*, in speaking of the fire says: "We are assured by an insurance agent in this city, who is in a position to know, that the loss will aggregate \$800,000, of which not more than \$300,000 will fall on the insurance companies, leaving upwards of half a million to be borne by the unfortunate people."

A young lady sent a poem entitled, "I Cannot Make Him Smile," to a British newspaper. The editor ventured to express the opinion that she would have succeeded had she shown him the poem.

MODERN POLITICS.

A man would naturally suppose that the tax payers of a county would have some voice as to who should fill the offices that are required to carry on its business. The tax payers are the men for whom these office holders are at work, and it is from them they draw their wages. In latter day politics, however, the tax payer is hardly consulted at all as to his wishes or preferences. The fashion now is for a man who wants to be Sheriff for instance, to single out from among the aspirants for the other offices, the men he thinks are the strongest and try to form combinations with them. He will very likely say to his strongest opponent for Sheriff: "See here, you step out and you can be my deputy," or the two will agree that if either is successful the other shall be his deputy. All manner of dodges are played, and, funny enough, the honor to be found among thieves, is often lacking in politicians. It is often the case that when a convention meets, one certain man for Clerk, another for Sheriff, others for Assessor, Auditor, Senator, etc., will have so tied themselves together that the ballots are merely matters of form. Many people who do not seek for votes for themselves, engage in such schemes, and even newspapers are often merely the mouthpiece of the ring. The citizens themselves are to blame for the success of these machinations, and they deserve all they get for their apathy and blindness. There are several men in this county so anxious for office that they do not propose to take the risk of leaving it to the convention, but are trying to put up a job and all run in together. Fortunately they have so much talking to do that we have no trouble in knowing all the time how matters are progressing, and we propose to do what we can to secure the best men for the offices this fall. The *GAZETTE* does nothing in secret and nothing by halves, and at the proper time we shall strike some very heavy blows.

A THREATENED STRIKE.

A lady correspondent of the *Yuba City Journal* makes a terrible threat. She says: "The great want of women at the present time is money—money for their personal wants, and money to carry out their plans. I propose that they shall consider it as honorable to work for money as for board and clothes. I demand that their equal pay for equal work. I demand that the bearing and raising of children—the most exacting of employments, involving the most terrible risks—shall be the best paid work in the world, and that husbands treat their wives with at least as much consideration, and acknowledge them entitled to as much money as wet nurses." The meaning of all this, according to the *Record-Union*, is that wives are about to strike for coin—so much for every baby born. No more coin, no more population—no boys to carry forward the great enterprises of the age. The scale of prices for natural duties will be as follows: Girl babies, \$100; for boy babies, \$200; twin babies, \$300; twin boys, \$400; triplets, all boys, \$1,000—C. O. D. No credit beyond the first child. Husbands who desire to transmit their names to posterity will please take warning, and come down with the coin.

THE NEW CLUB.

The Young Men's club starts out well and ought to prosper. There are always men that can be reached one way that cannot another, and many will join the new club who had objections to the older one. We are told that the Young Men's Garfield and Arthur Club is doing a good deal of soliciting for membership among the old Club. This seems to us to be labor lost. If the object of both Clubs is to get Garfield and Arthur votes in November, why should there be any strife? If the new Club is gotten up to advance the interest of this man or that in the Convention, we could see how it would be an advantage to get members out of the old Club, but we hope there is no reason for such a suspicion. We hope both Clubs will prosper and draw many votes from the ranks of the Democracy.

Frederick King, formerly assistant resident engineer at Sacramento for the C. P. R. R. Co., died in Arizona last Sunday of consumption.

WHAT IS BECOMING.

Some Republicans have found fault with Judge Beatty because, in their opinion, he does not do enough electioneering. A candidate for Judge can do his party no greater service than to preserve and maintain, both in public and in private, that dignity which becomes the office. It is held by many eminent jurists that the appointments for it should be for life, and that no man who aspires for it should ever present his name to a convention, or fight his way through a campaign. The force of this argument must be evident to every student of human nature. Man's wonderful adaptability renders him very susceptible to the influences about him, and if a candidate for Judge descends to the scrambling and intrigue by which men reach legislative and county positions, his usefulness will be impaired. Even if his character does not suffer, he will lose much in dignity and will inspire less confidence in all classes of citizens. This can only have the effect of lowering the standing of the bench, a thing just the reverse of what it should be every man's study and pride to do. If matters of this character give Judge Beatty any uneasiness, or the party any dissatisfaction, we hope the matter will be fully considered, and the true policy adopted. We should be glad to see the ticket profit by Judge Beatty's experience, and it doubtless will in many ways, but he is much better fitted for a Judge than a politician, and we doubt if the two can ever be found in the same person.

WHAT A CHANGE MEANS.

The leading argument of the Democrats in the present campaign is the alleged desirability of a change of administration from Republican to Democratic. This is the constant appeal of the Democratic press to the voters—"Let us have a new deal."

What does a change of administration mean in this country?

There are some one hundred thousand offices of trust and responsibility in the gift of the Administration. The officials holding them annually handle vast sums of money—millions on millions of dollars. The present incumbents of these offices are men of tried and proved ability and integrity. The present Administration is remarkable for its purity and for the excellence of its appointments. Never in the history of the country have there been less stealing. Never has the various departments of the civil service been more honestly and efficiently conducted. Even the Democrats are obliged to confess that the public business of the country has never been in better hands.

In the event of Hancock's election, what would follow? The Democrats are still true to their "principle" that "to the victors belong the spoils." Let a Democratic President be elected, and such a rush for office will commence as was never before witnessed. Democratic politicians of every stripe will clamor for their reward. The "workers" in the campaign will demand office. They must be satisfied. There could be no discrimination between applicants. The pressure would be too great. The outgoing public officials would be succeeded by a horde of incompetent, rapacious plunderers, eager for "the spoils." Then would follow an era of mismanagement and robbery such as has never been known in the history of any country.

This is what a change of Administration means.

A GREAT EVENT.

One of the most important events of the year is the removal by the Chinese government of restrictions upon foreign trade. Up to the present time only five ports of China have been, through the agency of existing treaties, open to commerce with the other nations of the earth. Now all have been thrown open to traffic with the "Yankee Quays," foreign devils, and China at once becomes a competitor for the commerce of the world. Four hundred millions of Asiatics are thus put under unrestricted communication with foreigners. From this step we date a new era for China. The gates of that ancient empire have at last been thrown open to all the world. Who can estimate the vast results that will spring from the free introduction of rum, tobacco and religion, "those great civilizationers," into China?

DOCTORED DISPATCHES.

The *Virginia Chronicle* enjoys an enviable reputation for spirit and wit. It is probably as good a newspaper as there is on the coast, for the room it has. It is surprising, therefore, to see it endangering its reputation for reliability by interpolating matter in its telegraphic columns without making any distinction between the true and the false. The following are samples of what we mean:

THE CHRONICLE'S. SALAMANCA, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Garfield arrived here yesterday morning, and in the afternoon attended a meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was accompanied by Senator Kirkwood, and several other prominent men. The Young Men's Christian Association was introduced to the meeting in the afternoon, and in the evening a large number of people were present. The Young Men's Christian Association was introduced to the meeting in the afternoon, and in the evening a large number of people were present.

CHATAUGUA, N. Y., Aug. 9.—General Garfield, accompanied by a large crowd here to-day. He made a long speech, in which he said that he was gratified to be in the country, and that he was gratified to be in the country, and that he was gratified to be in the country.

No such dispatch as that dated Chataugua, N. Y., Aug. 9, was sent among the press dispatches.

DOUBTS ABOUT THE SCRIPTURES.

The article on the "Hebrew Language and Literature" in the latest volume of the *Encyclopedia Britannica*, has set the Scotch theologians by the ears. It was written by Prof. Robertson Smith of Edinburgh, who was some time ago tried and acquitted by the church tribunals on the charge of holding unsound views about the Scriptures. He doubts whether Moses wrote anything but the Commandments; thinks the Jewish history down to the time of David mere "oral tradition"; and, besides some slighting remarks on the "Songs of Solomon," alleges that in Deuteronomy the ancient ordinances of Israel were rewritten in the prophetic spirit.

Naturally enough, the Edinburgh Presbytery has called upon the General Assembly to "vindicate Scriptural principle." The Presbyterians are glad of the opportunity to "try" the Professor again, and his conviction and expulsion for heresy will be certain to follow. A leading Scotch clergyman thinks the Professor's last offense "a marvellous providence," because of the opportunity it gives the Church to again put him on trial.

Of course, Prof. Smith has an established reputation as a profound scholar. Otherwise he would not have been employed to write the article complained of.

We boast of the freedom of thought in the nineteenth century, and yet here is a man to be "tried" for his opinions. Thinking men and women will be apt to regard the "conviction" of Prof. Smith by the Scotch Presbyterians as an honorary distinction.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Evolutionists have been challenged by the *Christian Intelligencer* to answer the question whether the healthy calf with three tails, reported to be owned by a man in Brookfield, Conn., is a variation of the species due to an increase of flies, developing an enlarged supply of the natural weapon of defense, or whether a decrease of flies, occasioning a diminution of wear and tear, has given nature a chance to put forth more of its caudal energy by a survival of a larger number of these useful and ornamental appendages.

Peter Joseph, one hundred years old, has registered in San Francisco. He has steadily refused to "take any drink" since he was high enough to reach the intoxicating cup. He takes a lively interest in politics, and means to help Garfield into the White House.

Nast has a clever cartoon on the Alabama election in the last *Harper's Weekly*. It represents the typical Southerner carrying a stuffed ballot box to Gen. Hancock. The box is

labeled: "Alabama Democratic Majority, 60,000." The Southerner bearing the box accosts Hancock with: "General, this is as full, free and fair as we can count in."

Fashionable French mothers have a very dry way of bringing up their children. They send their babies into the country to be wet-nursed. The mother may see her infant a few times in the course of the nursing season, or she may not see it at all until it is weaned and returned to her. It is all the same to the child, perhaps, and the system preserves the mother's shape, although it may not have the same preservative effect upon her heart.

What a story of domestic misery, ending in a terrible tragedy, can be put into two brief sentences, such as these: "Jeremiah Ford was arrested in New York yesterday for knocking his wife down last Saturday night, and inflicting injuries which caused her death. Ford was drunk at the time and the woman was endeavoring to get him home."

F. A. Tritle Monday told a *Virginia Chronicle* reporter that he should make every honorable effort to secure the office of Senator by the votes of the Legislature, and would fight it out on that line, if he had only the "Old Guard" at his back. Mr. Tritle says he wants nothing to do with the Sack satellites, and only asks the support of men who vote on principle.

Junius B. Jones escorted Jeremia Sharpe home from a party in Orange-thorpe, N. J., the other evening. The two sat and talked under a tree until two o'clock, entirely oblivious of the flight of time, until old Sharpe appeared at a window with a shotgun and took a shot at them. Neither was hurt, but Jones was so badly scared that he hasn't called since. Gentler measures will have to be tried on Junius.

A Dublin dispatch says: John Dillon, M. P. for Tipperary, speaking at a land meeting at Kildare, said as soon as the Land League had 30,000 men enrolled they would be able to strike against rent entirely. If their demands were not granted all the arms in England would not be able to levy rent in Ireland. They would have a Coercion Act, and they could go out at any hour of the night they pleased and carry rifles with them.

General James A. Garfield introduced in Congress a bill to reduce the tax on coal oil, when the tax on that commodity was very heavy. The bill passed. The oil men of Pennsylvania and New York made up a purse of \$10,000 and asked General Garfield to accept it. The General declined the gift, saying that he had simply done his duty to the consumers of oil.

Great interest is manifested in Madrid over the expected birth of an heir to the throne of Spain. The coming event is freely discussed. If the child should be a male it will be called either Philip or Ferdinand; if a female, Isabella. Bulletins of the Queen's health are published daily. At last accounts she was "able to drive about with the King in the cool of the evening."

Vitell snakes are becoming more dangerous as their season of blindness approaches. In August and September, it is said, they sometimes bite without warning. Those who go out camping in the wilderness should be careful. An ample stock of whiskey should always be taken by camping parties. This precaution is too often neglected by those who take part in such expeditions.

The weather along the Eastern coast has become suddenly cool. Ice formed in the interior of New York State on Sunday night. The Boston man, who ten days ago lay naked on his bed all night, wide awake, with a towel in one hand and a fan in the other, is now demanding of his landlady more bedclothes.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has decided to establish its shops in Arizona at Tucson. The new works will be under the direction of A. Kilburn, with H. McCloskey as foreman. The foreman left Sacramento to-day with a number of machinists, for the new works.

A Mexican threw vitriol into the eyes of a little boy at Stockton last Wednesday, destroying his sight. The boy's offense was a childish curiosity

to see why the Mexican was rubbing the acid on some silver ware. If lynching is ever justifiable, it should be for such a dastardly crime as this.

Thomas Moffat, in a book published 200 years ago, cites cases of fasting to which Tanner's feat is as nothing. The aunt of Tinnous, he says, lived two months without meat or drink. He speaks of a French gentlewoman who lived three years without any sustenance of any sort, either solid or liquid. This lady subsequently married and had children.

Mexico is again in revolution. Brigido Reyes, after taking Magdalena in the province of Sonora, the other day, suggested the propriety of a loan to him from the city. Leading citizens objected and he felt obliged to hang some of them. Among those executed were a Judge and two prominent merchants. Many people are leaving Sonora and going to Arizona for their health.

The magnificent cathedral at Cologne, commenced in 1248, has just been completed. This famous edifice, visited by all travelers in Europe, is 500 feet in length and has two towers each 500 feet high. Its construction is estimated to have cost \$7,000,000.

Battle Mountain enjoys a comparative exemption from musical instruments. With a population of 600 it has only thirteen organs and four pianos. This is only one instrument to every thirty-five inhabitants. What harmonious evenings they must have.

San Francisco has a sensible school Superintendent. His tract to teachers commences as follows: "Let your constant study be to instill into the minds of the children under your care this manifest truth: Employment leads to happiness, indolence to misery. The child who is not taught to respect labor is not properly taught."

The *Ruby Hill Mining News*, of which James E. Anderson is editor, says "South Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida, and Alabama, by right are Republican States, and that they are not so in fact, is only because of a want of proper courage on the part of the colored people."

The *Bulletin* thinks that two of the causes which hinder prosperity on this coast are the absence of small coins and the practice of borrowing money on growing crops. The neglect of small change makes people extravagant, and discounting the future makes them improvident.

The Hoover telephone, which accurately transmits spoken words and the tones of the human voice, without the aid of electricity, is coming into general use. Some of these instruments are in operation in San Francisco and give perfect satisfaction.

Complaint is made that Tahoe is becoming too fashionable a place for comfort. The ladies arrive with big Saratogas and devote most of the time to dress. People who go to such places should leave fashion behind them.

A well-informed Second Adventist preached in Nevada City last Sunday evening on the "Nature, Location and Duration of Hell." Hell was painted in lively colors, and the preacher warmed with his subject.

A daughter of D. O. Mills is to be married shortly, and report has it that the old gentleman will give her a little start in life with a cash capital of \$4,000,000.

The *Sierra Free Press* claims for Sierra county the distinction of having once been the place of residence of the Bender family.

Paper barrels cost only half as much as wooden ones, and hold liquids just as well. They are to be manufactured on a large scale in Detroit.

The telegraph announces the death of Marshal Bazaine, whose name was so familiar during the Franco-Prussian war.

Track-laying on the Carson and Colorado railroad will begin at the Mound House about Sept. 6.

That man is truly rich who is master of his time, and free to follow the bent of his nature.

Adelaide Neilson, the famous actress, is dead.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Eureka has a bath house—st last.
Only half a honey crop in Santa Barbara this year.

Salmon penetrate away up into the interior of Idaho. A 20-pound fresh salmon sells for \$2.50 at Yakkee Fork.

A miner was overpowered by heat in the Belcher mine last Wednesday and died on Friday morning from its effects.

The stage fare from Carson to Aurora and Bodie has been reduced to \$8.

S. E. Herbert of Wellington, Lyon county, was last week thrown from a horse and killed, while racing for a dollar stake.

All the white men have been discharged from the Carson and Colorado road. About 400 Chinamen are employed.

A Chinaman who was using giant powder to kill fish with, in Silver creek, Plumas county, last week, had his hand blown to fragments.

The little daughter of John Hammond of Michigan Bluff, Placer county, who was bitten by a dog last week at Napa, died from the wounds.

The Homer Index says some of the miners there have grown tired of waiting for a mill and have gone to pounding up their rock in hand mortars.

A tramp at O-be-joyful Basin, which is a mining camp of Gunnison, stole a mule lately. He was caught and hung to a cottonwood by a party of miners.

Some localities in Humboldt county have light grain crops; in others they are heavy. Big Meadows is away above the average, while Paradise has a light crop of wheat.

Five oil wells are in operation in Moody's gulch, Santa Clara county. One well has been averaging 20 barrels of oil per day for some time past. Over \$100,000 has already been expended in purchasing machinery and prospecting.

The Los Angeles walking match closed Saturday. Following is the score: Edwards, 467 miles; Scott, 453 miles; Guerrero, 430 miles; Callahan, 422 miles; Amy Howard, 360 miles; Emperor Savariego, 290 miles.

Says the Plumas National: On Friday of last week, at Soda creek, San-ford Drury was bitten by a rattlesnake. On Saturday his arm was fearfully swollen, and black to the shoulder. The treatment proved successful, however, and he is recovering.

A. Fredonyer, upon whom the operation of colotomy was performed in San Francisco last Thursday, for the purpose of removing a bottle from the intestines, died on the following day. The deceased was a native of Switzerland, 48 years of age.

The Stockton Mail says that several parties on Roberts' Island have employed Chinamen at \$1.40 per day to cut the grain in the flooded portion. They are working with short scythes, in six or seven inches of water. The grain is healthy, and in the wettest places will yield 60 or 70 bushels to the acre. The soil of the whole island is saturated with water.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rio street N.Y.

I Wish Everybody to Know.

Rev. George H. Thayer, an old citizen in this vicinity, known to every one as a most influential citizen, and Christian Minister of the M. E. Church, just this moment stopped in our store to say, "I wish everybody to know that I consider that both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." It is having a tremendous sale over our counters and is giving perfect satisfaction in all cases of Lung Diseases, such as nothing else has done. Bourbon, Ind., May 15, 1878. Drs. Matchett & France. Sold by Osburn & Shoe maker, Druggists, Reno, Nevada.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING UNCALLED FOR IN THE Reno Postoffice, Aug. 14, 1880. Parties calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised."

Bufford, Ben
Branch, John
Bay, V.
Brugge, H.
Bro-trick, Pat-2
Christeson, Christ
Chandler, Mrs. E.
Coburn, A. G.
Cooke, L. E.
Darni, Geo.
Domeneiro, D.
Dart, Ida
Davis, Mike
Dwyer, Chas.
Gilliam, M. P.
Gillon, A. J.
Glavinich, M.
Hamilton, C. A-2
Johns, H. T.
Lester, Jesse-2
Lillis, S. C-2
Manchester, Dr. M. B.
Meyers, Emil
Murry, Anna
Pike, F. W.
Pierce, Olive
Ridgway, Jim
Rountree, Jane
Rodgers, P.
Roberts, J. S.
Shaw, G.
Schmidt, Walter
Stewart, W. T.
Talbot, James
Thompson, John
Tracy, S. D.
Uber, J. A.
Williams, Linna
Wilson, J.
Williams, Rob.
Wyer, Chas.
Worthington, A. M.
S. M. JAMISON, P. M.

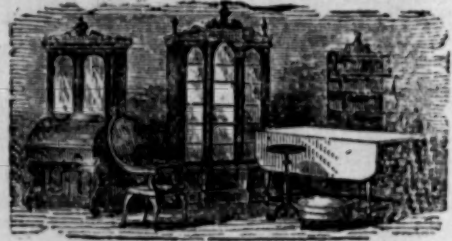
DIED.

DEALY-In Long Valley, August 15, Mrs. Dealey, a widow.

Giving Special Attention

To any one class of work will always give special advantages there in. Having this object in view in the manufacture of

PARLOR FURNITURE



I have completed arrangements whereby I am enabled to place upon the market every description of UPHOLSTERY, at prices which will be BELOW the reach of competition. In order that I may be enabled to give my customers an opportunity to see the effects of COLOR COMBINATION, I have made large additions to my stock of READY-MADE WORK, from fifty to one hundred sets being constantly on hand, besides over two hundred styles of

FRAMES AND COVERINGS

—IN—

DAMASK, RAW SILK, BLACK HAIR-CLOTH,
SATIN, TAPESTRY, GRAY HAIR-CLOTH,
FINISHED SILK REP, GREYTONETC.,

Offering special advantages to have Work made to Order.

JOHN BRUENER,

604, 606 and 608 K STREET,

Manufacturer of the Only Perfect Bed Lounge

BENO AND MOUNT HOPE NURSERIES!

The Largest and Finest Collection

—OF—

TREES and PLANTS

IN NEVADA.

All Kinds of Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees Shipped to Any Point Desired for Cash at the Nursery.

HALF A MILLION TREES

From One to Six Years Old Ready for Sale for November Planting. Will be sold as low as they can be got in any part of the County, with freight added.

Call, or address

STEPHEN CONNER,

Reno, Nevada.

J. B. KLUNE,
Successor to J. P. Floberg. 226 J St. between Second & Third
—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks,
Optical Goods, Silver and Silver-Plated Ware, Etc.

Has in his Store a complete Assortment of all grades of

American Watches.

In fine gold and silver cases, highly ornamented or plain. Fine gold

Ladies' or Gents' Chains, Etc.

MONEY FOR AGENTS!

SELLING THE NEW DOUBLE UNITED STATES & WORLD MAP. Shows on one side all States, Counties, Railroads, Stations and Distances from Atlantic to Pacific; on the reverse, Countries of the World, Steamship Routes and Statistics, Illustrations and Panoramic Views. The latest, best and cheapest. A capital chance for the unemployed to make money. Send for circulars and terms to

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.

San Francisco.

NEW FOR AGENTS

250 LOW PRICED AND FAST SELLING BOOKS OF ALL KINDS are fully represented in our new GRAND COMBINATION PROSPECTUS BOOK, by sample pages, bindings, illustrations, etc. A great variety and sure success for canvassers. All actually wishing EMPLOYMENT, address for terms, STANDARD PUB. CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Low Eastern prices and we pay freight.

W. R. STRONG—P. E. PLATT—R. WILLIAMS.

W. R. STRONG & CO.

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—
Fruits, Nuts, Seeds, Honey

—AND—
GENERAL PRODUCE,
Nos. 6, 8 and 10 J Street,
SACRAMENTO, CAL.
O. BOX 121. 8-2-2m

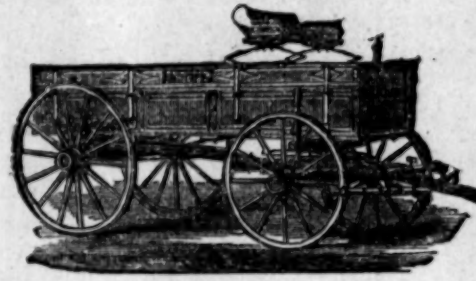
MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.

HARDWARE

And Agricultural Implements.

Offer to the Trade of Nevada for the spring and summer demand, the following well-known and unequalled implements:

CELEBRATED SCHUTTLE WAGON



Deere Gang & Single Plows,
Collins' Plows,
Buckeye Drills,
Buckeye Broadcast Seeder & Cultivators
Cahoon and Granger Seeders,
Wood and Iron Frame Harrows
Chisel Cultivators,

Meadow King Mowers,
Buckeye Mowers,
Taylor Hay Rakes,
Wood Revolving Hay Rakes,
And a full line of Tools,
Scythes, Snaths, Etc.
Gilded Barbed Wire, Galvanized and Japanned.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

A Full Line.

—SEND FOR PRICES—

43, 45 and 47 J Street, Sacramento,
Cor. Market and Beale Streets, San Francisco.

MERIT WILL TELL!

H. WACHHORST.

The Leading Jeweler of Sacramento,
KEEPS NOTHING BUT THE FINEST QUALITY of everything in his line. No imitation goods in his establishment.

Every article purchased from first hands, hence the buyer gets the goods from WACHHORST for the same price that other dealers have to pay. Mr. WACHHORST specially invites an inspection by all of his

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

Just received, and believes that

Twenty-Nine Years' Experience

Combined with knowledge and good taste, enables him to put before his customers

THE LATEST DESIGNS

The best material and workmanship, and at Prices Within the Reach of All.

FOR THE FINEST GOODS

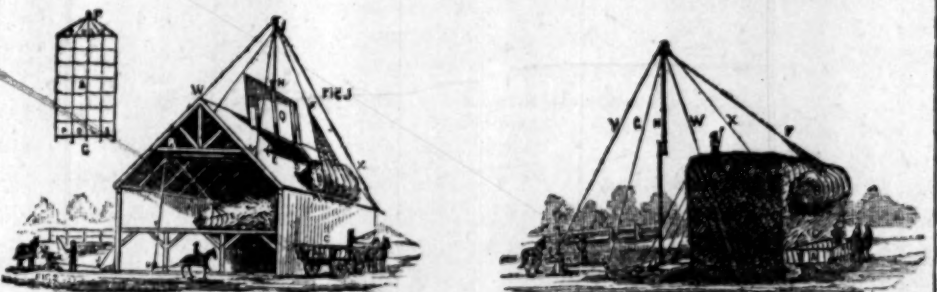
—GO TO—

H. WACHHORST'S,

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK,

No. 317, J STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH, SACRAMENTO

A New and Useful Invention.



J. TYLERS' PATENT

HAY & GRAIN UNLOADER,

Stacker, Barn-filler and Distributor.

It dispenses with the great amount of labor connected with unloading wagons of hay and grain, filling barns or building high stacks.

All Persons are Cautioned Against Infringing on the Patent, or They will be Prosecuted to the Full Extent of the Law

FARM RIGHTS

Will be Sold Throughout the Country.

JERRY TYLER, Proprietor.

Milford, Lassen County, California.

DR. SPINNEY

NO. 11 KEARNEY STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Treat all Chronic and Special Diseases

YOUNG MEN

WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM the effects of youthful follies or indiscretion, will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity. DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit \$200 for every case of Seminal Weakness or private disease of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many at the age of thirty and sixty who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation and a weakening of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits aropy sediment will often be found, and some small particles of albumen will appear, or the color will be of a thin milky hue, again changing to a dark and torpid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. Dr. S. will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

Office Hours—10 to 4 and 6 to 8. Sundays from 10 to 11 A. M. Consultation Free, Thorough examination and advice \$5.

P. S. For private diseases of short standing a full course of medicines sufficient for a cure, with necessary instructions, will be sent to any address on receipt of Ten Dollars.

Call or address DR. SPINNEY & CO.
No. 11 Kearney Street, San Francisco,
Jan2-d&w

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY



Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Paralysis, and all the terrible effects of Self-Abuse, youthful follies, and excesses in mature years—such as Loss of Memory, Lassitude, Nocturnal Emissions, Aversion to Society, Dimness of Vision, Noises in the Head; the vital fluid passing unabsorbed in the urine, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and death. DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for a case of this kind if the VITAL RESTORATIVE (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all Private Diseases successfully without mercury. Consultation Free. Thorough examination and advice, including analysis of urine \$3.00. Price of Vital Restorative, \$3.00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, \$10.00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by A. E. MINTIE, M. D.
11 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.

DR. MINTIE'S KIDNEY REMEDY. NEPHRITICUM, cures all kinds of Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker Druggist; \$1.00 a bottle, six bottles for \$5.00.

DR. MINTIE'S DANDELION PILLS are the best and cheapest DYSPEPSIA and BILIOUS cure in the market. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker Jan2-ly-d&w

HOSTETTER'S



STOMACH BITTERS

Defensive Medication
Is a precaution which should never be neglected when danger is present, and therefore a course of the Bitters at this season is particularly desirable, especially for the feeble and sickly. As a remedy for biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and bowel complaint there is nothing comparable to this wholesome restorative.
For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

RENO FOUNDRY.

Light Castings made on short Notice.

Fire Backs,
Covers and
General Stove

Repairs Made.

ALSO BRASS WORK DONE.

ast Iron taken in exchange for new work.

A. B. FURNIER.

Cash For Hides!

C. A. BRAGG WILL PAY THE

HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR

All Descriptions of

HIDES, SKINS, AND FURS

Apply at Lumber Yard, corner Commercial Row and Ralston street, Reno, Nevada.

feb18-19-D&W

\$300 A MONTH guaranteed. \$12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant; and such as anyone can go right at it. Those who are wise who see this notice will send me their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

nov18-19

CROCKETT'S CASE.

THE STATE TREASURER'S ACCOUNT WITH THE RENO SAVINGS BANK.

The Board of Examiners Say He Violated the Law but Was Only Guilty of an Indiscretion.

Friday afternoon the matter of State Treasurer L. L. Crockett's connection with the Reno Savings Bank, came up before the Board of Examiners. The following are the documents in the case:

To the Honorable Board of Examiners for the State of Nevada:

Gentlemen: About the 23d day of June, 1880, I learned of the failure of the Reno Savings Bank. Shortly thereafter I was notified that Mr. L. L. Crockett, Treasurer in and for the State of Nevada, had at divers times deposited money in said bank in his own name as Treasurer of the State of Nevada, which was the money of this State. Deeming it my duty as Attorney General of this State, and also as a member of the Board of Examiners, to inquire into and find out if possible, what foundation there was for such reports then in circulation, and accordingly on the 9th day of July, 1880, I procured an order from Hon. S. D. King, of the Second Judicial Court instructing W. A. Walker, Sheriff of Washoe county, to make an examination of the account of L. L. Crockett, as State Treasurer, with the Reno Savings Bank, on the 10th day of July, 1880. I made an examination of the books of the said savings bank, and found that L. L. Crockett had an account with said bank as State Treasurer from July 29, 1879, up to and including June 23, 1880, and a copy of the account is hereto attached and made a part of this report. From an examination of said account it will be seen that the said L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, had carried an account with said bank varying from two to ten thousand dollars, and I found on examination of said account that upon the 23d day of June, 1880, at the date of the failure of said bank, that he had on deposit in said bank as State Treasurer, the sum of six thousand seven hundred and fifty-six dollars and thirteen cents. From a further examination of said account it will be seen that since the first day of October, 1879, the State Treasurer, L. L. Crockett, had had to his account at no time less than the sum last mentioned of the monies belonging to the State on deposit in the Reno Savings Bank.

From an examination of the check register belonging to said bank, I find at different times and dates checks made payable to the order of John Day and also to the order of A. J. Hatch, endorsed by L. L. Crockett as State Treasurer, placed to his credit, but cannot find in said check register any number of checks to equal the amount of money deposited there by L. L. Crockett at any of the times therein mentioned, and although the State of Nevada has not lost anything by these transactions of Mr. Crockett with the bank, yet I must say in all respect to Mr. Crockett, he has violated the plain letter of statute, for as I understand the law, he is prohibited from using or loaning any money belonging to the State, he is also required to keep securely in the safe or vaults provided for that purpose in his office at the seat of government all the public monies, bonds and other securities of the State pertaining to his office, and shall not deposit any part or portion of the same with any individual, copartnership or corporation, nor shall he use the State's money or property thereof, or allow any one else except in the payment of bonds, coupons or warrants drawn upon him by the State Controller.

The Legislature of 1879 made an appropriation of \$6,000 for the purpose of building an additional vault and putting in an additional safe in the Treasurer's office of this State, so as to have sufficient room for the keeping of the State's money and protecting the records of the Treasurer's office from being destroyed by fire or otherwise, and therefore Mr. Crockett cannot complain that he has not had sufficient room in which to deposit the money coming into his hands as Treasurer of the State.

In conclusion let me say: From an examination of the books of the Controller and Treasurer and the counting of the money on the 14th day of June, 1880, by the Board of Examiners, I being one of them, the accounts of the Treasurer were found to be correct and the amount called for by the Controller was in the vaults of the State, and not being able to form any satisfactory conclusion in my own mind how it was that L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, on that day last mentioned had deposited with the Reno Savings Bank the sum of \$7,947 45 and on the examination by the Board of Examiners no deficiency was found in the State Treasury. If from no other cause than this I believe in justice to the Board we should order Mr. Crockett to appear before us and give good and sufficient reason if he can why and how this should occur. I would suggest that Mr. Crockett be invited to appear before this Board on a

day fixed by them to so appear and then and there give an explanation as to his conduct in making the Reno Savings Bank the custodian of the State's money. M. A. MURPHY, Attorney-General.

Crockett's Answer.

Friday Crockett laid the following answer before the Board:

To the Honorable Board of Examiners: Gentlemen: It is the duty of the Board of Examiners to "examine the books of the Controller and Treasurer, the accounts and vouchers of the office and count the money in the State Treasury" but no part of their duty to examine into my private affairs, or try me for any real or supposed dereliction of duty.

Having, however, been formally cited by your Board to appear and answer, and it being my desire to conceal nothing, but to put the public in full possession of the truth, I voluntarily and cheerfully submit to you upon my oath the following:

The statement that from July 1879 to June 1880, an account with the Reno Savings Bank was kept in my name as State Treasurer is true.

It is also true that on the 23d day of June, 1880, there was to my credit on the books of the Reno Savings Bank the sum of \$6,756 13, and that from time to time between July 29, 1879, to June 23d, 1880, balances varying from two to ten thousand dollars appear.

The inference deduced from these facts by the Attorney-General, that I, as State Treasurer or otherwise, deposited this or any other sum of money belonging to the State, in the Reno Savings Bank, is untrue.

The transaction between the State Treasurer and bank, out of which these facts arise, is as follows:

It has been the custom of the State to receive the checks of individuals indebted to it for sale of public lands, interest on bonds, and on account of taxes, and to deliver the checks to some responsible banking house for collection.

At the time of my induction into office my immediate predecessor had an arrangement with a banking house in Carson City to receive and collect such checks for a compensation. Desiring to save the State the cost of collecting, I arranged with the Reno Savings Bank—then supposed to be responsible and trustworthy—to make these collections without charge, and in pursuance with this arrangement, forwarded the checks received, to that bank for collection. When the checks were paid, the bank at Reno credited my account as State Treasurer with the proceeds, and from time to time the money so collected was taken by me from Reno and placed in the Treasury vault.

When the checks were received at Carson they were received for by the State Treasurer and charged to the Treasury account on the books of the State Controller. There it was made to appear that money was in the Treasury that had not as yet been collected, and was represented only by unpaid checks. When these checks were paid to the State's agent, the Reno Savings Bank, the proceeds were credited to me as State Treasurer, and thus it was made to appear that I had deposited State funds in the bank, when in fact the money had never reached the Treasury vault or come into my hands as State Treasurer. It is hardly necessary for me to state that the checks received could not be collected without an agent; and if it be said that I erred in selecting the agent, I answer that the State did not lose a dollar, but actually profited many hundreds of dollars in saving the expense of collecting.

I solemnly declare that I never deposited one dollar of the State's money in the Reno Savings Bank, and that the State did not lose one farthing by the transactions complained of. I believed the agent selected to be responsible and trustworthy, and in all I have done I have been actuated solely by a desire to serve and benefit the State.

Respectfully submitted, L. L. CROCKETT.

Subscribed and sworn to, before me on the 13th day of August.

JAMES G. CHESLEY, Notary Public.

Appended to this was the following affidavit:

CARSON CITY, August 13, 1880.

To the Honorable Board of Examiners:

Gentlemen: Concerning the transaction between L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, and the Reno Savings Bank, now being considered and investigated by your honorable board, I, L. C. Batchelder, upon my oath, solemnly declare that at the time of said transactions I was the cashier of the Reno Savings Bank, and as such cashier had and have knowledge concerning the same. I further solemnly declare that the account standing on the books of said bank wherein sums of money appear to the credit of L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, wholly originated out of collections made by the said bank, as the agent of the State of Nevada. I further solemnly swear that no part of the said account is made up of cash

money deposited in said bank by the State Treasurer.

L. C. BATCHELDER. Subscribed and sworn to before me on the 13th day of August, 1880. JAS. G. CHESLEY, Notary Public.

The Board's Report.

OFFICE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CARSON CITY, Aug. 13, 1880.

We, the State Board of Examiners, have examined the report of the Hon. M. A. Murphy, Attorney General, and investigated the matter therein referred to us, and have heard and considered the sworn statement of Hon. L. L. Crockett, State Treasurer, and L. C. Batchelder, cashier of the Reno Savings Bank, and as a result of such examination and investigation we make the following statement:

We find that it has been the custom of the State Treasurer to receive the checks of individuals in payment for lands and other revenues, and reporting the same to the Controller as cash, before the money was actually paid into the treasury; thus making it appear that the amount of money represented by the check was actually in the treasury before the check was paid, and when in fact and in law it was not. This, in our judgment, is not the best course to pursue, and we respectfully recommend that hereafter no money be received for, or reported to the Controller as in the treasury, until the proceeds of checks have been actually received and converted into the treasury.

We further find that it has been the custom of the Treasurer to deliver checks received in the manner above indicated to some responsible banking house for collection, and that in pursuance of this custom the present State Treasurer selected the Reno Savings Bank as the State's agent to make the collection without expense to the State, and the State Treasurer, from time to time, bringing the money from the bank to the treasury.

We further find that the transactions between the State Treasurer and the Reno Savings Bank were wholly made up of such collections, and that the State Treasurer did not withdraw any money from the State treasury or deposit any money belonging to the State in the Reno Savings Bank.

We further find that the State of Nevada lost nothing, but profited pecuniarily by the arrangement between the State Treasurer and the Reno Savings Bank, and that every dollar of the public funds and securities are now safely deposited in the vaults of the State Treasury at the State Capital.

We believe the Treasurer made a mistake, but entirely acquit him of any evil purpose or bad intent. We believe he had no other object than to accommodate the persons indebted to the State by receiving checks in lieu of money, and benefit the State by saving her the expense of collection.

JOHN H. KINKEAD, JASPER BARCOCK, State Board of Examiners.

Alleged Unlawful Conduct on the Part of the Reno Knights.

The Republican complains that the Truckee Knights who visited the Conclave at Reno were not treated with due courtesy. It says that the visiting brethren were left to amuse themselves as they best could, and had a good deal of difficulty in getting acquainted with the buxom and handsome-looking maids and matrons who were sporting their light fantasies. The managers of the ball are censured for a lack of attention to the strangers. It is alleged that the enjoyable part of the trip for the Truckee was the return home, when great hilarity was indulged in at the expense of the hospitalities of Reno.

As no representative of this paper attended the ball, the GAZETTE is unable to reply to these charges. What have the Reno Knights to say in explanation? They have a local reputation for very courteous treatment of guests at their parties. Perhaps the visiting brethren purchased too many of those "mild glasses of stimulant" to which the Republican refers, and went home cross and dissatisfied.

Soldiers Ordered Out to Fight Grasshoppers.

The farmers in this section who are suffering from the depredations of grasshoppers should derive some satisfaction from this account of the mischief done by locusts in Russia: "The Russian newspapers report that much mischief is being done to the crops in southern Russia by locusts and other insect pests. In the district of Rascachs 5,000 men were daily employed in the work of extermination. On the railway from Tiflis to Poti the locusts lay so thick on the line that the trains were obstructed. The steppes of the Don have been swept bare of all vegetation, as if a fire had passed over the land. Fourteen companies of soldiers are employed in the Odessa district in destroying these insect plagues. The mischief is not confined to the south; swarms of locusts have been observed also in the northern governments. A huge swarm passed by Moscow in the middle of June at an elevation of from 70 to 100 feet."

Good Fishing.

Alvaro Evans and another gentleman caught over 300 trout in one day recently, in a stream in or near Sierra valley, known as Frenchman's creek. They used grasshoppers for bait.

THE FINDINGS OF THE BOARD.

An Intelligent Review of the Report on the Treasurer's Business.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—With your permission I will claim a space in your paper for a few words on the, to me, extraordinary findings of the State Board, as regards the State Treasurer's dealings with the Reno Savings Bank, and which has heretofore been quite thoroughly discussed in your columns.

Beginning with the end of the findings—I presume there is not a person in the State of Nevada who would accuse Mr Crockett of any evil intent or bad purpose in his handlings of the State monies. So far as that goes—I believe Mr. Crockett to be as blameless as any man living—but that he has violated the law must be patent to any one conversant with State matters, and that he could not have so violated it, without the consent and knowledge of a majority at least of the State Board, must also be patent to any person who cares to investigate.

The second paragraph of the findings reads—"We find that it has been the custom of the State Treasurer to receive the checks of individuals in payment for lands and other revenues, treating such checks and reporting the same to the Controller as cash, before the money was actually paid into the Treasury, thus making it appear that the amount of money represented by the check was actually in the Treasury before the check was paid, and when in fact and in law it was not."

Now as this had been going on from the 27th of July, 1879, to June 23d, 1880, I would respectfully ask to whom did the State Treasurer make it appear that the money was paid in, when in fact and law it was not?

Not to the Controller certainly, for the Controller has nothing to do with the counting of the money. The Controller's duty is to furnish the State Board of Examiners a statement showing the amount of money, bonds, etc., that should be in the State Treasury on the day they determine to count the same, and the count should agree with the Controller's statement; if that can't be done, then there is something out somewhere. It follows then, that it was to the State Board to whom the Treasurer made it appear that the money was there when in fact it was not.

The law requires the State Board of Examiners to count the money and vouchers in the State Treasury once a month, and ascertain if it agrees with the Controller's books. As they have the Controller's statement before them when they count the monies, how, I ask, could the State Treasurer make it appear that the money was there when it was not, or how could the State Board of Examiners make and publish their monthly affidavits and have the same agree with the Controller's statement (which is the intent of the law) if the money was not there when it should have been? It may be that the State Board is not the tribunal before whom such matters should be brought, if not, before whom? The next Legislature will probably investigate and ascertain wherein the law has been violated.

The fourth paragraph reads—"We further find that the transactions between the State Treasurer and the Reno Savings Bank were wholly made up of such collections, and that the State Treasurer did not withdraw any money from the State Treasury, or deposit any money belonging to the State in the Reno Savings Bank."

Now I submit, Mr. Editor, the simple question: If these collections which the State Treasurer had for so many months reported as cash in the Treasury, and for which the State Board had for so many months counted—or should have counted—if it was not money belonging to the State deposited in the Reno Savings Bank, what, in the name of all that is right, what was it?

The fifth paragraph of this extraordinary State paper reads: "We further find that the State of Nevada lost nothing, but profited pecuniarily by the arrangement between the State Treasurer and the Reno Savings Bank, and that every dollar of the public funds and securities are now safely deposited in the vaults of the State Treasurer at the State Capital." How has the State profited pecuniarily? During all the time since almost the admission of Nevada as a State not one single cent has she ever paid for collections for account of land sales, and the only expenses of this nature which the State bears, and which she pays in full, are the settlements with the several County Treasurers, usually twice a year. A payment on State land calls for so much money to a fraction, and is so paid, and the Surveyor-General's land entries and payments agree with the Treasurer's books to a cent. The State is not called upon for one single penny for collecting, provided the Land Registrar and the State Treasurer follow the law. The only expenses by the State are for the expressage on the regular shipment of revenues by County Treasurers, when if in such shipments checks are received the cash for them has heretofore been

paid over by Wells, Fargo & Co., and the usual expressage paid by the State—the State assuming no responsibility. The pecuniary profit reaped by the State is simply bosh.

There is no doubt, Mr. Editor, but that every dollar of the public funds is in the Treasury now, but were they there at all times between July 27, 1879, and June 23, 1880, and would they have been there now for the State Board to count had it not been for the extra efforts made by Mr. Crockett on the 23d of June last? Resp'y, yours, CITIZEN.

The State Treasurer's Account With the Reno Savings Bank.

1879—	DR.	1879—	CR.
Aug. 1, 1879	\$300 00	July 29, 1879	\$48 00
" 15, " " "	75 00	Aug. 1, " "	7 12
" 25, " " "	20 00	" 15, " "	513 31
Balance	1859 66	" 25, " "	64 00
		" 30, " "	64 00
		" 25, " "	145 98
		" 27, " "	192 10
		" 30, " "	32 35
			45 10
	\$3,339 66		\$3,339 66

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Sept. 1, 1880	\$300 00	Sept. 1 Bal'n	\$189 66
" 22, " "	1500 00	" 5, " "	639 12
Balance	1459 92	" 6, " "	454 49
		" 11, " "	36 88
		" 12, " "	97 70
		" 15, " "	32 00
		" 22, " "	16 36
		" 26, " "	63 75
		" 27, " "	45 10
	\$3,338 92		\$3,338 92

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Oct. 1, 1880	\$300 00	Oct. 1 Bal'n	\$149 92
" 7, " "	253 04	" 1, " "	1000 00
" 10, " "	6 00	" 2, " "	30 00
" 12, " "	15 00	" 7, " "	1109 10
" 15, " "	79 00	" 9, " "	700 00
" 17, " "	30 00	" 11, " "	83 00
" 21, " "	75 00	" 18, " "	275 62
" 24, " "	80 00		
Balance	8347 54		\$13,611 54
	\$13,611 54		\$13,611 54

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Nov. 3, 1880	\$300 00	Nov. 1 Bal'n	\$8347 54
" 8, " "	133 11	" 10, " "	54 00
" 9, " "	300 00	" 10, " "	187 50
" 9, " "	192 11	" 11, " "	600 00
" 10, " "	10 00	" 12, " "	40 54
" 13, " "	48 00	" 15, " "	49 46
" 16, " "	21 00	" 11, " "	322 34
" 2, " "	328 05	" 16, " "	500 00
" 2, " "	75 00	" 29, " "	164 00
Balance	8757 98		\$10,165 88
	\$10,165 88		\$10,165 88

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Jan. 1, 1880	\$300 00	Balance	\$8757 98
" 4, " "	42 06	Jan. 12, " "	2 10
" 8, " "	307 16	" 2, " "	287 20
" 10, " "	12 60	" 15, " "	128 12
" 12, " "	83 36		
" 16, " "	6 75		
" 22, " "	440 33		
" 27, " "	114 73		
" 29, " "	300 00		
Balance	7886 82		\$9,145 30
	\$9,145 30		\$9,145 30

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Feb. 2, 1880	\$300 00	Balance	\$7886 82
" 16, " "	29 42		
" 16, " "	3 00		
Balance	7514 40		\$7,886 82
	\$7,886 82		\$7,886 82

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Mch. 1, 1880	\$300 00	Balance	\$7,886 82
" 3, " "	20 50	Mch. 11, " "	185 00
" 8, " "	18 00	" 16, " "	76 75
Balance	7917 65	" 16, " "	50 00
		" 23, " "	310 00
		" 26, " "	100 00
	\$8,286 17		\$8,286 15

1880—	DR.	1880—	CR.
Apr. 1, 1880	\$300 00	Apr. 1 Bal'n	\$7917 65
" 11, " "	67 00	" 6, " "	69 00
" 29, " "	26 31	" 7, " "	50 00
May 1, 1880	328 25	" 20, " "	300 00
" 5, " "	1000 00	" 20, " "	400 00
" 7, " "	23 62	" 23, " "	166 12
" 13, " "	18 00	" 24, " "	330 00
" 18, " "	114 73	" 25, " "	100 00
" 23, " "	300 00	" 25, " "	300 00
June 1, 1880	1000 00		100 00
" 12, " "	128 71		
" 23 Balance	67 13		
	\$10,529 77		\$10,529 77

Two Fires Last Night.

A barn on Louis Dean's old ranch, east of town and north of the C. P. R. track, was burned down Thursday evening. There was one bale of hay in it. Several horses were rescued from the burning building. Some harness was destroyed but nearly everything movable was saved. There was no insurance on the property.

About 3 o'clock A. M. Thursday the house of F. E. Gooch, next to the Court House was discovered to be on fire, and an alarm was sounded. The two fire engines were promptly on the ground, and every effort was made to extinguish the flames. But the fire had made such progress before any alarm was given that it could not be subdued, and the house was burnt to the ground. It had been vacant for some days, and contained no furniture. Mr. Gooch is somewhere East. The fire, when first discovered, was breaking out through the roof. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The house was insured for \$1,800 in the Insurance Company of North America, for which the First National Bank is agent.

Desirable Information.

In the general diffusion of useful knowledge, a correct and comprehensive map of all parts of the world is an indispensable adjunct. Such a map has been published by A. L. Bancroft & Co., under the title of "The Double United States and World Map," being a beautiful, correct, full and complete map, with one side devoted to the United States, with its counties, towns, stations and railroads from the Atlantic to the Pacific fully delineated, and upon the reverse side, the various countries and cities of the world. There are also given statistics and a variety of other useful general information. It is sold only through the agents of the subscription department of the house.

A Murder at Eureka.

Arbedlow Tarleash shot and killed William H. Harrison, a restaurant waiter, at Eureka last Tuesday night. Tarleash went to the restaurant and, without a word, fired five shots into his victim, killing him instantly. The murderer says that Harrison had seduced his wife.

A GOVERNMENT MULE'S COLT.

Is it an Anomaly of Nature or a Strange Freak of Affection?

PYRAMID RESERVATION, August 12, 1880.

Part of the live stock owned by the U. S. Government and belonging to the Nevada Indian Agency at Pyramid Lake Reservation, is a fine sleek mule known by the name of "Maggie." She has been grazing for the last six months on the reservation range, on the east bank of the Truckee river, which she, in company with a small band of horses, daily visits to obtain water.

Several months ago a rancher, living near the trail by which this band descended to the river, observed that an addition had been made to it; a very young colt, following close by the side of Maggie, who manifested the greatest solicitude and maternal pride for the tottling young stranger. At proper intervals the colt sought nourishment in the usual manner of colts, the gentle Maggie affording every encouragement and facility for him to take his lactal rations, and his fine appearance to-day showing how well a colt will thrive on mule milk. The colt seems to be a full blooded equine, showing no signs of any long eared ancestry.

Here was a puzzler for our rancher, and a problem for a scientist to solve. How can this thing be? Here are the facts, how shall they be accounted for? Though Maggie has the reputation of being a kind, gentle and even affectionate animal, she would not allow any person to approach her colt without showing her incisors through a wide open mouth, and warning every intruder to keep at a respectable distance, by repeated displays of her dairy foot. From the first she has defended her colt with all the affection and ferocity of a she-bear for her cub, allowing no baby-snatcher to abduct her little "Charlie Ross."

This strange freak of nature or of affection, can be fully attested by a score of witnesses living near the reservation; but the question still recurs, is Maggie the real or only the foster-mother of the colt; and, if the latter, how do you account for the mutual affection of the two brutes, and the growth and fine condition of the young steed? J. E. S.

JOTTINGS.

—It is rumored that a mill is to be put up very soon at Pyramid.

—The fire on J. P. Fouks' timber land was set intentionally, for the purpose of burning of the rubbish. It did no damage to the timber.

—The motive power of the GAZETTE's presses will hereafter be a Backus water wheel, thirty inches in diameter, driven by the water from the Reno Water Co.'s pipes.

John C. De Vore, better known as "Smoky," died at Carson on Wednesday, of heart disease. He had been a brakeman on the V. & T. since the road was built.

—In the GAZETTE's column of 50-cent advertisements, A. T. Rice signifies his willingness to sell or trade half his cows, milk route, etc., for a ranch or for hay.

BY TELEGRAPH!

The Carson Convention.

R. M. Daggett for Congress-man.

The Complete Platform Adopted by the Convention.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

State Republican Convention.

CARSON, Aug. 12.—The Convention was called to order at 2:30 yesterday, but the Chairman of the Committee on Platform reported that he had taken the list of members to the printer and had not got it back yet. Adjourned for one hour. Reassembled at 3:30, but the paper was still unheard from, and the Convention adjourned again for twenty-five minutes. The report was then received, seating 101 members. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported in favor of making temporary organization permanent. Committee on Platform reported.

THE PLATFORM AND RESOLUTIONS. M. C. Tilden, the Chairman on the Committee on Platform and Resolutions, read the following report, which was interrupted by frequent applause:

Your committee on Resolutions beg leave to report the following for your consideration: Resolved, That the platform of principles adopted by the National Republican Convention, at Chicago June last, deserves and receives the approval and hearty endorsement of all the Republicans of Nevada. Resolved, That the Chinese Government is coming in upon our shores to eat out our substance and are destroying our country, improving our mines, mining and laboring, debauching our youth, and making both men and women lower in the scale of humanity. This evil must and shall be stopped, and to this end we pledge the entire strength of the Republican party.

In the language of our great leader, we regard the immigration of Asiatics to the United States as little less than a servile invasion. Should the Commissioners now in negotiation with the Chinese Government fail to secure by the first of next January such modification of the Burlingame Treaty as will practically put an end to the influx of Chinese to this country, we demand that the treaty then be promptly annulled, and such laws enacted as will relieve us at once and forever of the Asiatic scourge now menacing the well-being of the Republic.

Resolved, That we most heartily endorse the general financial policy of the Republican party, which, in spite of every opposition on the part of the Democracy, has led to the resumption of specie payments, the raising of our national credit to a height never before known, and to the restoration of a national prosperity. But we also demand the complete restoration of specie to its former position by the side of gold; and for the purpose of attaining that end we hold it to be the duty and right of Congress, through the authorization of Congress, to coin into standard dollars or other legal tender currency, as cost of coinage, and for the benefit of the producer, the entire silver product of the country, relieving the mining industry from the loss attending the shipment to and sale of silver bullion in foreign markets.

As mining for the precious metals is the leading industry of Nevada, we are indelibly opposed to the bill reported by the Committee on Mines and Mining, and now before the House of Representatives, prohibiting the following of future veins or deposits beyond the vertical lines of surface boundaries; and we urge our Representatives in both Houses of Congress to continue their efforts for its defeat. Such a restriction would work disaster to the laborer of the prospector, and seriously retard the development of the mineral riches of the West, and we cordially endorse the action of our Representative, the Hon. H. M. Daggett, in this behalf.

Resolved, That the Republican party claims it to be the right and duty of State and Territorial Legislatures to regulate and restrict the charges of railroads and other public utilities within their respective boundaries, and that it is no less the constitutional right than the positive duty of Congress to regulate the tariffs and restrict the charges of inter-State railroads.

Resolved, That while we congratulate the country on the successful resumption of specie payments, and the splendid financial condition of the Republic, we are in favor of restricting the issuance of National and State legal tender notes, to denominations of not less than five dollars, thus creating an increased money demand, as a circulating medium for the precious metals which our mines are annually yielding.

Resolved, That Gen. James A. Garfield and Chester A. Arthur, by their services to the country, by their devotion to principle, and by their unspotted reputation as men and as citizens, and the devotion of the nation's earnest support of all the loyal people of the United States for President and Vice President thereof. We rejoice in their nomination, and we pledge to them the electoral vote of Nevada at the ensuing election, by an overwhelming majority.

M. C. TILDEN, Chairman of Committee.

A motion to assess candidates to Congress and Supreme Judge \$40, and Electors \$25 was passed.

Nominations for Congress were next declared to be in order. Tilden of Virginia nominated R. M. Daggett, W. W. Bishop of Eureka and Geo. B. Hill of Ormsby seconded the nomination in eloquent speeches. Daggett made a short but telling speech. He was nominated by acclamation.

Nominations for Supreme Judge were then made. King of Lyon named Wm. H. Beatty. C. S. Varian seconded in one of the best speeches of the day. Bishop named Gen. Sabin and was applauded for his speech. Harris of Virginia named Col. R. H. Taylor. The gentlemen named made speeches endorsing the platform, etc.

The first four ballots stood Beatty 43; Taylor 36; Sabin 22. Adjourned until 7:30 p. m.

At 7:30 p. m. the Convention reassembled promptly and proceeded to ballot, with the same result until 10 o'clock, when the Convention adjourned until 9:30 a. m.

The Contest for the Judgeship. CARSON, NEV., Aug. 12.—Ballot for the Supreme Judgeship this

morning opened: Beatty, 43; Sabin, 22; Taylor, 36.

On the 44th ballot Beatty gained one from Sabin in Elko county, but it returned to Sabin on the next ballot.

There were forty three ballots without the least sign of a break. On the 46th Elko again gave Beatty one of Sabin's votes.

Adjourned till 1:30 p. m.

No Nomination Yet.

The dead-lock has been broken. A caucus of the Taylor and the Sabin men at noon led to a row. Adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock, and will then make nomination quickly. Sabin is the man, or else some outsider.

A Grand Parade of Veterans.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 12.—A grand parade of veterans of the late war took place here to-day. It is estimated that 15,000 were in the procession, which was three miles long. Each regimental organization had its old battle flag and ensigns. In a few cases only one member of the regiment was in the procession, but that one carried the flag.

Democratic Nominations in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Aug. 12.—The State Credit Democrats nominated John V. Wright, a straight-out debt paying Democrat, for Governor. The Republicanists held a meeting, with 70 delegates present, and nominated S. F. Wilson for Governor.

Carlton Convicted of Manslaughter.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—Carlton, who killed Brummett, a rival editor, at Hollister last Spring, is convicted of manslaughter.

Beatty Nominated.

CARSON, Aug. 12.—When the Convention met at 3 o'clock to-day, it was the arrangement for Taylor to give Sabin about 21 votes. The Sabin men thought if they got a break, enough would come from Beatty to elect Sabin. There were breaks of all sorts and great excitement prevailed, and at 5:30, on the 71st ballot, Beatty got 55, Sabin 34, Taylor 12. W. W. Bishop moved that the nomination be made unanimous. The motion was seconded by Tilden of Storey, and was carried by storm. Adjourned until 7 o'clock, to allow Judge Beatty to appear before the Convention.

C. S. Varian announced that Mrs. Beatty was very sick and that the Judge was at her bedside.

The best of feeling prevails among the Taylor and Sabin men.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Convention met at 7:30 p. m. Judge Beatty appeared and made a few remarks. The nomination of electors was proceeded with. Col. R. H. Taylor was selected for one by acclamation. Varian put B. F. Leete in nomination. O. H. Grey of White Pine, and A. E. Morton of Esmeralda, were placed in nomination. The ballot stood: Leete, 26; Grey, 72; Morton, 94.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

In nominating the Central Committee, Storey county's delegation was increased to 7, Eureka's to 4, and Ormsby's to 3. The Committee is as follows: Churchill, J. W. Ferguson; Douglas, J. A. Rigby; Eureka, M. D. Foley, J. J. Work, Moses Lyon, T. S. Douglas; Elko, R. R. Bigelow, H. W. Brown; Esmeralda, J. M. Dorrner, A. T. Brand; Humboldt, Alex. Wise, Frank Naramore; Lander, A. A. Curtis, C. H. Sproule; Lyon, W. R. King, Geo. W. Keith; Lincoln, R. S. Clapp, Wm. P. Goodman; Nye, B. Currier; Ormsby, S. L. Lee, A. Helm, F. J. McCullough; Storey, I. L. Requa, C. C. Stevenson, Alf Doten, R. Rising, E. B. Harris, E. Strother, G. I. Lamm; Washoe, C. S. Varian, J. S. Shoemaker; White Pine, J. L. Kendall, F. A. McDermit.

Adjourned sine die.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE.

The Committee met as soon as the Convention adjourned. M. Foley in the chair. I. L. Requa was elected chairman and Alf. Doten Secretary. The headquarters were made in Virginia City, and the Committees of Storey, Ormsby, Lyon, Douglas and Washoe were made an Executive Committee. Adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

Maud S and St. Julien Both Trot a Mile in 2:11 1/4.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 12.—The first trial, mile heat, of St. Julien was made to-day in 2:13 1/4. Maud S was brought

out while St. Julien was resting, and her first mile was made in the unprecedented time of 2:11 1/4. St. Julien was brought out for the second heat, and his score exactly tallied with the time made by Maud S—2:11 1/4. Maud S was speeded around for a second heat, and made it in 2:20 1/4. St. Julien trotted a third heat in 2:24. Fifteen thousand people were on the grounds.

A Condemned Man Declared Innocent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—Marion Smith, a convict at San Quentin, writes a letter in which he says that he saw the murder of More in Ventura county, and that Sprague, now under sentence of death for the crime, was not present. He states that Curlee and Cook were the murderers. The letter has been forwarded to the Governor.

No Republican State Ticket for Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Aug. 11.—The Republican State Central Committee has resolved not to put any State ticket in the field.

Seventeen Deaths from a Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—Two more victims of the West Jersey R. R. disaster have died, making the total number of deaths 17.

Fourteen Years for Perjury.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—John H. Clemetshaw, convicted of perjury in swearing that Chas. de Young fired the first shot when he was killed by young Kalloch, was brought into court to-day for sentence. The prisoner asserted his innocence of intentional misstatement, and said he had not been influenced by Mayor Kalloch in giving his testimony. The motion for arrest of judgment and a new trial was denied, and Clemetshaw was sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary.

A Card from Ex-Treasurer Schoaling.

RENO, AUG. 14, 1880.

Editor Gazette.—In reading the statement of Mr. Crockett as published in your issue of yesterday I find the following:

"At the time of my induction into office my predecessor had an arrangement with a bank in Carson to collect checks for a compensation."

The above is an error, as I never had an arrangement with any bank in Carson or elsewhere for the collection of checks. My custom was, on receiving checks, to take them to a bank, receive the face of the check, then issue the Treasurer's receipt for the same, the State allowing no compensation for the collection of land monies.

Yours, JERRY SCHOALING.

The Best in Existence.

From the Nashville, Tenn., American. At last we have been treated to a new and novel exhibition under canvas, and it can no longer be said, that "see one, see all," for W. W. Cole has entirely revolutionized the show business, and he actually presents the most interesting, sensational, curious and complete show that ever visited the South. We have never seen such a grand display before, and shall not expect to see another until W. W. Cole comes this way with his only "Best show on earth." This great show will exhibit at Reno Saturday, August 21st.

Bodie's Lake of Medicine.

Says the Bodie Free Press: The water of Mono lake has a strong taste of salt and soda. By analysis, the mineral substance is divided as follows: Salt 45 per cent; soda 40, borax 15. There is no visible outlet to the lake, and it is fed by the fresh streams of mountain water. As a cure for chronic catarrh the water has no superior, and for a shampoo it surpasses anything ever found in a barber shop. During the season myriads of ducks fatten in the water. The small islands are the breeding spots for millions of sea-gulls.

An Equine Bread-Eater.

H. H. Beck's old horse Jack, about 25 years old, is now owned by the Palace Bakery. Nearly every day at noon the ancient, but sleek and serviceable steed may be seen eating bread from a box in front of the bakery. They feed to him the stale loaves. The venerable animal appears to thrive on this peculiar provender, but as he mumbled over his lunch to-day a reporter thought he detected in Jack's visage a dissatisfied expression, as though the horse noted the absence of butter.

Examination of Teachers.

There will be an examination of persons desiring teacher's certificates on the 27th and 28th of August, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m.

A. DAWSON, Co. Supt.

A New Bank for Reno.

John A. Paxton of San Francisco was in Reno Thursday with a view of starting a bank here. Mr. Paxton is a capitalist of ample means. He is the head of the banking houses of Paxton & Curtis of Austin and John A. Paxton & Co. of Eureka. While here he made inquiries about the business of the town and looked for a suitable building. He liked the situation of the Reno Savings Bank and desired to get the refusal of that property for rent. The result of his investigations was that he decided to open a bank in Reno, to commence business on the first of September, provided that his partners make no objections and a suitable location can be secured. In conversation with parties here, Mr. Paxton said he thought that \$75,000 capital would do to start with, and more would be added if necessary. Mr. Paxton went to Virginia this morning, and will pass through Reno this evening on his way back to San Francisco.

An Elopement from Unionville.

The Silver State reports that a young lady of sweet-sixteen and a young man of twenty-one or thereabouts, have eloped from Unionville and gone to Corinne, the Gretta Green of the Pacific coast, to be united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Under the laws of Nevada young people under age cannot procure a marriage license without the consent of their parents or guardians. The Mormons are more considerate, and the laws of Utah do not prohibit any Justice of the Peace from tying the nuptial knot, if the young folks are willing, regardless of age or the objections of stern parents. The Unionville young couple left home on Sunday night, and have not since been heard of, and it is thought that they have gone to Utah.

Court of Justice Young.

In the Justice's court Thursday Oliver G. Goyan, a native of sunny France, was found guilty of selling an intoxicating fluid (a very light wine) to Indians. The court imposed a correspondingly light sentence, and Goyan goes to jail for thirty days.

James Smith also came before His Honor, on a charge of being drunk and disturbing the peace. The guilt of James being fully established, he was sent to keep Goyan company for ten days.

A Midnight Adventure in Bodie.

"Throw up your hands," said a garrotter to C. F. Reid in a lonely spot in Bodie last Tuesday night. Up went Reid's hands, but in his right was a monstrous bowie knife. "Oh, don't!" cried the garrotter, as the descending knife cut his shoulder to the bone. The garrotter proved a better runner than Reid, and escaped with only one cut. "A handy knife," said Reid to himself, as he put up the weapon and turned homeward.

Man Missing.

Alfred Smith left the house of his aunt, No. 386 South C street, on the Divide, Virginia City, on August 3d, and has not been heard of since. He is 21 years of age; six feet high; slim built; dark complexion; light mustache, and had on a suit of dark clothes. Any information concerning him will be gratefully received by Mrs. Vincent Harcoles, 386 South C street, on the Divide, Virginia City.

No One Need Believe This.

Changes in the running of train on the Eastern roads make a revision of the Central Pacific time-table probable. The overhaul, which now leaves San Francisco at 9:30 a. m., will probably leave at 4 p. m. under the new arrangement. Such a change would probably be followed by a discontinuance of the lightning train.

Works of Art.

The south wall of the Justice's court is adorned with two large pictures of Garfield and Arthur, painted by T. F. Laycock, and presented by him to the Garfield and Arthur Club. They are fine strong portraits, and the artist has thrown into each a serene expression of confidence in the result of the November elections.

Bieber's "601."

Bieber, in Big valley, has a "601" organization. They recently seized a man under arrest for stealing meat, and after conveying him to a bridge over Pit river, let him go with an injunction to leave the county, and a threat that if he returned a rope would be in readiness for him.

Successful Surgical Operation.

From the Grass Valley Union.

A Grass Valley physician performed a successful operation on Sunday evening, by putting a head on a citizen who called him a liar. The operation was skillfully and successfully performed.

The Indians in upper Oregon and in Washington Ter. are becoming troublesome.

The highest temperature recorded in Virginia this season was 90 degrees.

THE CALIFORNIA CONVENTION.

Proceedings of the Republican Convention at Sacramento Yesterday.

W. W. Morrow, Chairman of the State Central Committee, called the Convention to order.

Hon. Charles N. Fox of Alameda (member of the last Assembly) was elected temporary Chairman on motion of Tyler of Alameda, there being no opponent.

Mr. Fox was escorted to the chair by Mr. Tyler and Mr. Boruck, and addressed the Convention briefly.

C. E. Gunn of Santa Clara was chosen as Secretary of the Convention. Assistant Secretaries were chosen as follows: Walter P. Emery, Joseph Wallis, F. D. Ryan and Walter Lambert.

On motion of Mr. May the following committee of seven was appointed on credentials: W. B. May, San Francisco; M. M. Drew, Sacramento; R. J. Van Voorhies, Mono; R. K. Nichols, Lake; H. W. Byington, Sonoma; H. C. Bunker, Inyo.

Mr. Tyler moved that a committee of nine be appointed on Permanent Organization and order of business.

A discussion ensued in reference to the motion, as it was held that it would be improper to appoint such committee until the Committee on Credentials had reported finally.

The motion was adopted and the Chair named as such Committee the following: J. R. Hardenburg of San Francisco; Jas. Byrnes, San Mateo; H. H. Knapp, Napa; D. M. Burns of Yolo; Thomas J. Eamon of Del Norte; W. J. McNamara of Humboldt; B. A. Gregg of Kern; W. E. Mayhew of San Francisco; S. W. Geis of Merced.

H. J. Dickson of San Francisco, moved that a committee of seven be appointed on Platform and Resolutions.

M. D. Boruck moved to amend to make the number fifteen, which was accepted by Dickinson and the motion so amended prevailed. The chair then named the following: T. B. McFarland, Sacramento; T. B. Mizner, Solano; George F. Baker, Santa Clara; J. H. Dickinson, San Francisco; M. D. Boruck, Humboldt; A. F. Dorrner, Nevada; A. P. Whitney, Sonoma; Frank Pixley, San Francisco; Calvin Edgerdon, Siskiyou; J. H. Skirm, Santa Cruz; G. G. Blanchard, El Dorado; C. W. Tyler, Alameda; O. W. Hollenbeck, Placer; David McClure, San Francisco.

A recess was taken till 7 p. m.

HORACE DAVIS NOMINATED.

Hon. Horace Davis was renominated for Congress by acclamation by the First District Convention which met at the Capitol after the adjournment of the State Convention last evening.

SECOND DISTRICT.

The Second Congressional District Convention met and appointed a committee on credentials, and then adjourned till after the adjournment of the State Convention last evening.

THIRD DISTRICT.

The Third District Convention was in session at the Capitol when the third edition of the Bee went to press. No action had then been had regarding a nomination.

PACHECO NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Delegates from the Fourth Congressional District had a caucus at the Golden Eagle this noon. Rodgers of Santa Clara, presiding. C. E. Gunn Secretary. An informal ballot was taken, at which 88 votes were cast, resulting as follows: For Congressman, Baker of Santa Clara, 13; Pacheco of San Luis Obispo, 49; F. Spence of Los Angeles, 3; Jos. Wasson of Mono, 5; Fred. Adams of Santa Cruz, 13. Consequently this insures Pacheco's nomination, as there are but 94 votes in the district delegation.

The Fourth District Convention met yesterday afternoon and Pacheco was nominated for Congress by a vote of 70 for Pacheco, 27 for Adams of Santa Cruz, and 1 for Baker. The latter had withdrawn in favor of Pacheco.

He Cured the Rheumatism.

From the Sonoma Democrat.

A few days since an Indian near Major's Ranch was suffering the pain of rheumatism in one of his legs. Concluding he could bear the loss of a leg better than suffer longer, he laid the leg across a log, and with an axe chopped it entirely off a little below the knee, bleeding to death in a few minutes. Each time he struck the leg he hallooed, which attracted attention, or the facts would never have been known. Thus went another aborigine to the happy hunting ground.

Blue Rain in Esopus.

From the Kingston Freeman.

Here is a story vouched for by Frank Beardley: A few days since he was riding in the town of Esopus during a rain storm, and suddenly his attention was called to the fact that the rain was of a peculiar nature—entirely blue. His clothes were stained and the leaves along the roadway were all of an indigo hue. Though Mr. Beardley does not accompany the report with affidavits, yet his statements are exceedingly strong.

A Truth.

From the Bystander.

Nothing is so trying to the temper as the Currency Question, except theology and chess.

CHILDREN

Dry for Pitcher's Castoria. They like it because it is sweet; Mothers like Castoria because it gives health to the child; and Physicians, because it contains no morphine or mineral.

Castoria

Is nature's remedy for assimilating the food. It cures Wind Colic, the raising of Sour Curd and Discomfort, allays Feverishness and Kills Worms. Thus the Child has health and the Mother obtains rest. Pleasant, Cheap, and Reliable.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS

The most effective Pain-relieving agent for

MAN and BEAST

the world has ever known.

Over 1,000,000 Bottles sold last year!

The reasons for this unprecedented popularity, are evident; the Centaur Liniments are made to deserve confidence; they are absorbed into the structure; they always cure and never disappoint. No person need longer suffer with

PAIN in the BACK,

Rheumatism or Stiff Joints, for the

CENTAUR LINIMENTS

Liniments will surely exterminate the pain. There is no Strain, Sprain, Cut, Scald, Burn, Bruise, Sting, Gail or Lameness to which Man and Beast is not subject, that does not respond to this Soothing balm.

The Centaur

LINIMENTS

not only relieve pain, but they incite healthy action, subdue inflammation, and cure, whether the symptoms proceed from wounds of the flesh, or Neuralgia of the Nerves; from contracted Cords or a scalded hand; from a sprained ankle or a gashed foot; whether from dislocation

PIMPLES on a LADY'S FACE

or a strained joint on a Horse's Leg.

The agony produced by a Burn or scald; morbidities from Frost-bites; Swellings from Strains; the tortures of Rheumatism; Crippled for Life, by some neglected accident; a valuable horse or a Doctor's Bill may all be saved from

One Bottle of Centaur Liniment.

No Housekeeper, Farmer, Planter, Teamster, or Livestockman, can afford to be without these wonderful Liniments. They can be procured in any part of the globe for 50 cts. and \$1.00 a bottle. Trial bottles 25 cts.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties, avoid stimulants and use

HOP BITTERS

If you are a man of letters, tolling over your midnight work to restore brain nerve and waste, use

HOP BITTERS

If you are young and suffering from indigestion or constipation, if you are married or single, old or young, suffering from poor blood, languishing on a bed of sickness, rely on

HOP BITTERS

Should you be, whenever you are whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, stimulating, without interfering with

HOP BITTERS

Have you dyspepsia, indigestion, or any other ailment of the stomach, bowels, liver, or nerves?

You will cure it if you use

HOP BITTERS

If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! Buy it and use it. Your druggist keeps it.

It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

Hop Bitters is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask children, The Hop Bitters for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, is superior to all others. Cures by absorption. It is perfect. Ask druggist, D. F. C. is an absolute and reliable cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, nervousness, or any other ailment of the stomach, bowels, liver, or nerves. Acquire sold by druggists, Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED

\$50 to \$125 a Month. ENCYCLOPEDIA

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Law and forms for Business Men, Farmers, Mechanics and Workmen. Selling fast. Low price. Great agent sold 500 in one town, another 100 in 30 days. Saves ten times its cost, and everybody wants it. Send for circulars and terms. All General Agents Wanted. Address F. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 1000 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

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Its name strikes like a trumpet and calls to the fray! That powerful new Temperance book.

BAT

BY TELEGRAPH.

Two Children Burned to Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—John Kellcher, residing in Oakland, with his wife and a neighbor named Mrs. King indulged in a drunken carouse last night, in the course of which they set the house on fire. Two of his children, Eugene and Annie, aged two and five respectively, were burned to a cinder. James, aged four, was burned fatally. Mrs. Kellcher will probably die from her injuries. Mrs. King was badly scorched. Kellcher was slightly hurt.

Is There no Whiskey There?

SANTA PAULA, Ventura Co., Cal., Aug. 16.—Rev. J. W. Guiberson, who has held many offices of trust in the State, and a pioneer of the county, was bitten by a rattlesnake yesterday, from the effects of which he died last night.

The Political Prospect in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Times of this morning has letters read from thirty-four of the fifty-eight counties in New York State, outside of this and Kings. They give a fair and unprejudiced showing of the political situation in all these. The Republican party is united and nowhere is there talk of scratching, and from all comes the prediction that Garfield and Arthur will receive a much more solid support and a larger majority than did Hayes and Wheeler in '76.

Eureka in Flames.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17.—A report is received that the town of Eureka, Nevada, is again being destroyed by fire. The conflagration is taking about the same course as that of 1879. Already half the town is said to be in ashes.

Further Particulars.

Another dispatch says that at 10 this morning a fire broke out on the east side of Main street, just south of the Odd Fellows' building. It traveled over substantially the same ground as the great fire of a year ago. The loss is even more, as the buildings were better and newer. The fire extended south on Main street to Gold street, and swept everything to the north ward. The wind was blowing a gale. Among the prominent buildings and institutions destroyed may be mentioned the following: Man's Brewery, Leader printing office, Odd Fellows' building, Jackson House (gutted, but standing), International Hotel, the theatre, and all intervening buildings, save Paxton & Co.'s bank, Rickard and Foley's building, and Jack Perry's corner. It is impossible to form any estimate of the losses, but the amount must be about one million dollars. All of the private residences on Spring, Buel and Paul streets, north of the Episcopal church, were consumed. There can be no doubt that many families are left destitute.

A Grand Procession.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—The parade of the Knights Templar this morning was the grandest affair ever seen here. Over ten thousand were in the procession. Half a million people gathered along the line of march, which was eight miles in length.

Eureka's Calamity.

EUREKA, Aug. 17.—The telegraph office, which was burnt out, has opened at the railroad depot, almost a mile from town. The Sentinel has a force of reporters gathering facts and incidents. The heat and dust and cinders in the burnt district is almost unbearable. The fire is a larger one than that of a year ago. The Daily Leader is a total loss. The Sentinel has just issued a small extra for them and will continue to issue a small sheet for them until they get new material, if they conclude to start up again. The people in the burnt section are greatly discouraged. Many were still in debt from the last fire. It is a heavy blow to our town.

A Man Taken From Jail by a Mob.

FORT SCOTT, Kas., Aug. 17.—About 2 o'clock this morning some fifty men rode to the jail here, called up Sheriff Rucker and, on pretext of having a prisoner for him, induced him to unlock the jail. They then seized the Sheriff, locked him in a cell, took out Thomas Watkins, indicted for horse stealing, and departed, since when no trace of the party or Watkins has been discovered. One theory is that

Watkins has been lynched. Another is that the mob were his friends, and took this means to rescue him.

30,000 Knights Broiling at Chicago. CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—At 11 o'clock this morning it was estimated that there were 30,000 on the grounds. The competitive drill has not commenced. The Commanderies are slow in reporting. The heat is intense.

Getting Even.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Eureka Con. has declared a dividend of 50 cents. Potosi levies an assessment of 50 cents.

Re-Opening of the School for Girls.

The fifth year of Bishop Whitaker's School for Girls will begin a week from yesterday, with following corps of teachers: Miss Kate A. Sill, Principal, Latin, French and English; Miss Eva Quaille, music; Rev. W. R. Jenvey, Chaplain, mathematics; Mrs. L. B. Graham, German and drawing; Miss Eva V. Carlin, English; Miss Mary R. Chester, music and English. The two last named are new teachers. They will arrive early next week. The attendance at the school is likely to be larger than it was last term.

Hall of Justice Young.

Eight or ten roughs arrived from Bodie Tuesday. Their leader was arrested for disturbing the peace, and was next morning sentenced by Justice Young to six days' imprisonment. He gave his name as E. D. Nugent. Pat Reiley, the man who stabbed E. F. Maher on Monday night, has eluded the search of the officers. Maher has gone back to Ball's ranch. His wound is probably not serious.

Captain Jim as an Honest Miner.

The Carson Appeal says: A Reno Indian, known as Capt. Jim, yesterday called at the Mint with some excellent ore samples, which he asked to have assayed. This is the first instance in the history of the State that an Indian requested such a service. Jim thinks he has a good mine, and intends to work it for his own benefit.

Probably Slow Pay.

"Give me a fig of tobacco, quick," said a tall stranger this morning, as he rushed into the Farmers' store. Cahlan handed out a plug of old Virginia and the man bolted with it. "Hold on," cried Cahlan, "where's the money?" "Charge it to Long John," yelled the stranger. "Long John" has not since been seen.

Far to Water.

M. J. Curtis has come home from Candelaria. He says they have to haul rock 26 miles to get it to water. The nearest place they can get water is at White Mountain, 50 miles away.

Another Candidate.

Major S. A. Mann is a Republican candidate for the office of District Attorney. The Major is a man of fine ability and has the reputation of being an excellent lawyer. He is well qualified for the position.

"Best of All."

BALTIMORE, MD., March 5, 1879. DR. R. V. PIERCE—Dear Sir, My family have used your Favorite Prescription and it has done all that is claimed for it. It is the best of all preparations for women complaints. I recommend it to all families.

Accident to a Racer.

Theodore Winters writes the GAZETTE that in training at Sacramento on Monday, his fine 3-year-old "Flood" broke a tendon and is ruined for life.

Alleged Bending of the Benders.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 14.—A letter to the State Register from a responsible citizen of this state, S. James Sigourney, gives information of a witness, also a responsible man, that the notorious Bender family, four in number, were captured soon after the murder of Col. York's brother. He says that the four were stood up in a row, facing nine riflemen, and were told their fate, that Kate was plucky to the last, and called upon the captors to shoot and be damned, and that the four bodies were buried at the corner of the four counties of Lafayette, Wilson, Neeshoe and Montgomerie.

Cured of Drinking.

"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for liquor, which had so prostrated him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst; took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups; I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it."—From a leading R. R. Official, Chicago, Ill.—Times.

Watches, clocks, and jewelry repaired in ornamental style, at the lowest prices, DeBell's.

COUSIN TO THE SEA SERPENT.

A Lake Serpent Said to be as Large Around as a Telegraph Pole.

From the Ottawa Free Press.

In Eardley Township, county of Ottawa, near the north shore of Lake Duchesne, is located the phosphate mine of Messrs. McLean & Co. Mr. H. McLean, senior member of the firm, is Warden of the county named. He is in the city to-day, and states that a veritable sea serpent has been seen in Lake Duchesne. It will be remembered that about a year ago a fisherman named Paquette told a story of having seen a big serpent in the lake, but it was generally discredited, as sea serpent stories were popular at that time. Paquette's statement was as follows: He was out fishing one night on the lake when he was startled by some object in the water going against wind and wave, and rocking his boat frightfully for the moment. He labored under the impression that the old serpent had taken to the water, so he made for shore, and since then fishes no more by night in the waters of the lake, and very little by day.

The serpent, for the monster is undoubtedly a serpent, has been seen by several parties whose veracity is unquestioned. Mr. McLean says that a few days ago Mr. Williams, foreman of the phosphate mine, and one of the men, a Canadian named Blanchette, had their attention attracted to a commotion in the waters of the lake, which was calm at the time. The point where the water was agitated was about one-eighth of a mile out, and between the little island light-house put up by the Union Forwarding Company, but not now used, and the shore. After watching for a moment the Canadian cried out, "Le serpent!" evidently remembering the fisherman's story of a year ago. Mr. Williams, who is known as a very steady, reliable man, says that the animal in the water was a serpent of some kind, and a very large one at that, for it wriggled about in the water, swimming quite fast.

They could see about four feet of its back from the head, but it appeared to be more than three times that length, from the motion of the water, while in thickness its body seemed to be about the size of a small telegraph pole.

It was dark green in color, but the distance prevented them from getting it well defined before they cleared for camp to get guns, as the serpent was coming shoreward, and they had no intention to await its arrival without being armed. On returning there were still ripples on the water, but the monster had disappeared, it is thought, in the swale along the shore near where they were. The serpent had been seen in the lake near the point named, which is some eleven miles west of Almyre and fourteen miles east of the Chats Falls, by Mr. Bradley and his sons, who reside on their farm in Eardley, close besides the lake.

Armed to the Teeth.

is a very common expression, but we think that armed to embellish and preserve them to a ripe old age is decidedly more appropriate. This can be done by keeping yourself supplied with a bottle of that splendid dentifrice, FRAGRANT SOZODONT, which will beautify the teeth and preserve them from the ravages of decay. SOZODONT contains no acids or gritty substances which injure the enamel but is composed of rare and antiseptic herbs, which have a beneficial effect on the whole economy of the mouth.

Wished He Hadn't Kissed Her.

The Rev. George T. McClelland went from Pittsburgh to Reynoldsville, Pa., to conduct revival meetings in a Presbyterian church. He was quartered in Elder Kelso's house. The neighbors heard the noise of a fight in the building, and presently the clergyman was chased out by the elder, who kicked him violently at every step. Mr. McClelland subsequently said: "Mrs. Kelso invited me to kiss her, and I did so. Then her husband assailed me. I wish now I hadn't kissed her."

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City may 7-20-80 D&W

Now We Know What Life Is.

Herbert Spencer defines life to be "the definite combination of heterogeneous changes, both simultaneous and successive, in correspondence with external coexistences and sequences;" G. H. Lewis as "a series of definite and successive changes, both of structure and composition, which take place within an individual without destroying its identity."

No Deception Used.

It is strange so many people will continue to suffer day after day with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Sour Stomach, General Debility, when they can procure at our store SHILOH'S VITALIZER, free of cost if does not cure or relieve them. Price, 75c Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker, Druggists, Reno, Nevada. nov 3 m w f

The most popular and fragrant Perfume of the day "HACKMETACK." Try it. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker, Druggists, Reno, Nevada nov 1 sat thu

THE CENSUS.

Population of the Various States and Territories.

From the Chicago Times.

Such progress has been made in the returns of the census enumeration as to authorize of some States estimates which will be found close approximations of fact, and to give complete and revised footings in others. The Times has followed the figures, and presents them below. Those in round numbers are estimates. Those carried out precisely are official figures:

Alabama.....	1,150,000
Arkansas.....	750,500
California.....	863,000
Colorado.....	193,161
Connecticut.....	633,180
Delaware.....	145,000
Florida.....	350,000
Georgia.....	1,000,000
Illinois.....	3,125,000
Indiana.....	2,065,500
Iowa.....	1,000,000
Kansas.....	1,735,000
Kentucky.....	920,000
Louisiana.....	646,000
Maine.....	646,000
Maryland.....	1,000,000
Massachusetts.....	1,735,000
Michigan.....	2,300,000
Minnesota.....	776,714
Mississippi.....	452,000
Missouri.....	1,753,585
Montana.....	43,811
Nebraska.....	1,100,000
Nevada.....	5,080,600
New Hampshire.....	1,385,000
New Jersey.....	3,100,000
New York.....	4,200,000
North Carolina.....	2,76,710
Ohio.....	875,000
Oregon.....	1,550,000
Pennsylvania.....	1,750,000
Rhode Island.....	334,445
South Carolina.....	1,600,000
Tennessee.....	640,000
Texas.....	1,300,000
Vermont.....	124,000
Virginia.....	30,000
West Virginia.....	41,580
Wisconsin.....	174,000
Wyoming.....	38,998

Pursuing the same method, the population of the Territories will show as follows:

Alaska.....	14,000
Dakota.....	124,000
Idaho.....	30,000
New Mexico.....	30,000
Washington.....	41,580
Arizona.....	174,000
Dist. of Columbia.....	38,998
Utah.....	144,000
Wyoming.....	144,000

In 1860 the population of the States was 31,218,021; in 1870, 38,155,505. It is not doubted that the present enumeration will show at least 48,000,000.

Burdette's Two-Year-Old Boy.

From the Burlington Hawkeye

The boy runs about 150 miles a day, and wouldn't quit then if it didn't grow dark. He is very busy. He has all the care of me, and, in addition to his regular routine duties, he manages a thousand things no one else would think of. Yesterday morning, before 10 o'clock, he picked and ate, regardless of maturity or color, a pint of wild strawberries, followed a wagon half a mile down the road, got lost in the woods, choked up the fountain with gravel, fell out of a hammock, stung himself with a bee, ate some strange-looking berries that his mother knows are deadly poison, played with a mad dog (his aunt says she knows it was mad), talked to a tramp who came to kidnap him (it was an honest farmer coming in to the circus, but the boy's aunt and mother united on the tramp and kidnapper theory), stepped on a red lizard, built a dam, and fell into the brook. I helped him build the dam; in fact, I confess that I built the greater part of it, and enticed the prince to assist, but he fell into the brook himself, and all statements to the effect that I pushed him in, and laughed at him and encouraged him to enjoy it, are simply campaign stories circulated for political effect.

Parted Lovers.

Providence Journal.

They were very fond of each other and had been engaged, but they quarreled and were too proud to make it up.

He called a few days ago at her father's house to see the old gentleman on business, of course. She was at the door.

Said he: "Ah, Miss Blank, I believe; is your father in?"

"No, sir," she replied, "pa's not in at present. Did you wish to see him personally?"

"Yes," was the bluff response, feeling that she was yielding, "on very particular personal business," and he turned proudly to go away.

"I beg your pardon," she called after him, as he struck the lower step, "but who shall I say called?"

Stop That Cough.

With a sample bottle of Kaiser's German Bkizer. This is the most wonderful cough remedy ever introduced, being mild, yet positive in its action and soothing under all circumstances. Old and young may use it with perfect security. It is rich in the medicinal properties of tar, wild cherry and honey. Ask your druggists, Messrs. Osburn & Shoemaker, about it. They sell large quantities of it and say it supercedes all others. The genuine bears the Prussian coat of arms and the facsimile signature of Dr. Kaiser on the wrapper and has his name blown in every 75 cent bottle. Samples 25 cent. Large size 1.00 D&W

LEISURE AND ITS USES.

An Extract From General Garfield's Speech at Chautauqua.

How shall we get leisure? That is the object of every hammer stroke, of every blow that labor has struck since the foundation of the world. The fight for bread is the great primal fight, and it is so absorbing a struggle that until one conquers to some extent he can have no leisure. We may divide the struggles of the human race into two chapters: First, the struggle to get leisure; and second, what to do with our leisure when we have won it. I take it that Chautauqua has assailed this second problem. [Applause.] Like all blessings, leisure is a very bad thing unless it is used well. The man with a fortune ready made and with leisure on his hands is likely to get sick of the world, sick of himself, tired of life, and become a wasted, useless man. What shall you do with your leisure? I understand Chautauqua is trying to answer, to explore the field of thought, to develop new energies, largeness of mind and culture in the better sense, "with the varnish scratched off," as our friend Gov. Kirkwood says. [Applause.] We are getting over the fashion of painting and varnishing our natural woods. We are getting down to the real grain, and finding what is best and most beautiful in it; and if Chautauqua is helping to develop in our people the native stuff that is in them, rather than to give to them the varnish and gewgaws of culture, it is doing well.

The Biggest Gambling on Record.

From the London Telegraph.

Play has run so high of late at the St. Petersburg Yacht Club that the most august personages in Russia have felt themselves called upon to check the gambling propensities of the reckless Boyars, whose recent inordinate gains and losses have been brought under their cognizance. The particular episode which prompted imperial intervention was the changing of hands, within a week, of no less a sum than £600,000 in the play rooms of the club. More than half of that enormous amount was lost by Prince Demidoff of San Donato to his cousin, Col. Count Schouvaloff—not the diplomatist, but an Aide-de-Camp of the Czar. This stupendous gambling transaction came to the ears of Count Loris Melikoff, who deemed it his duty to report the matter to the Emperor, craving his Majesty's permission to dissolve the club. This crown-g disaster to the jeunesse doree of the Russian capital was averted through the interposition of the Grand Duke Vladimir; but the Czar sent for Count Schouvaloff, and laid his commands on that gentleman to return seven-eighths of his winnings to Prince Demidoff, observing that "he might be very well satisfied with having gained \$40,000 at a game of cards." It is needless to say that his Majesty's orders were carried out to the letter.

Cured by Reversing Tanner's Method.

From the Springfield Republican.

Westfield is the first town in this vicinity to report a cure, as a result of Dr. Tanner's 40 days' fast, but it was accomplished by just the opposite method from that he pursued. A woman who has had so much trouble from her digestive organs that she was confined to her bed, conceived the idea that it was caused by overeating, grew interested in Dr. Tanner's case, and eagerly watched developments. She found that his starvation symptoms exactly corresponded with her troubles, and so reasoned that hers must be caused by insufficient sustenance. She therefore ceased to confine herself to short rations, partook freely of food, grew rapidly better, and now walks about in better health than for many months.

Economy is Wealth.

"Would you mind standing here till I go in and get a cigar?" he asked. "Of course not," she replied; "but don't you think, Henry, that smoking is offensive, and that it will be easier practising economy after marriage if it is practised during courtship?" "You're right," he said: "I shan't smoke any more, sweet," and she looked unutterable love at him as they resumed their stroll. Just then they came to an ice-cream saloon, and he said: "There, now, I meant to treat you to ice-cream, but, as you say, it is best to practice economy during courtship. Ten cents for a cigar, 30 cents for two ice creams—40 cents saved in a single night. Let's go over to the fountain and take a drink of water." They went; but she was mad enough to bite her own head off.

Wicked for Clergymen.

Rev. —, Washington, D. C., writes: "I believe it to be all wrong, and even wicked for clergymen and other public men to be led into giving testimonials to quack doctors or vile stuffs called medicines, but when a really meritorious article, made of valuable remedies known to all, that all physicians use and trust in daily, we should freely commend it. I therefore cheerfully and heartily commend Hop Bitters for the good they have done me and my friends, firmly believing they have no equal for family use. I will not be without them."—New York Baptist Weekly.

CUT THIS OUT!

BEAR IN MIND

—AND—
You Can Save Time and Money

BY SENDING TO

CHAS. A. LOOMIS,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.,

—FOR—

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Yankee Notions, Hosiery, Corsets, Ties, Worsteds and Woollen Goods, White Goods, Ribbons, Gloves, Jewelry, etc.

I QUOTE BELOW A FEW OF MY

Prices, and guarantee that all other goods

will be sold in like proportion:

PER Y'D. WORTH.

Merrim'k & Spragues Prints..... 6c
Dress Goods..... 12c 25c
" " better qual 15c 30c
" " h'vy bro'd 20c 37½c
" " silk & wool 25c 50c

All wool Cashmere, 40-inch..... 65c 1 00
Bl'k Silk, h'vy gros grain..... 1 40 2 00

Colored Silks from..... 75c & upw'rds
Lonsdale and White Rock Muslin..... 11c "

D'ble width Sheetting..... 25c "
Cheviot Shirting..... 12c "
Amoskeag Gingham..... 10c "
He'vy all-linen Crash..... 10c "

Huckabuck Towels..... 10c each "
Gents' Shirts, with 2 collars..... 75c each "
Gents' Socks..... 12c ½ pr "
Zephyrs..... 10c ½ oz "

Ladies Colored Hose..... 10c ½ pr "
Kid Gloves, 2 buttons..... 25c ½ pr "

I also have on hand a

Largest stock of Ladies' and Gents'

FURNISHING GOODS,

Mostly of my own manufacture, which I

will sell at prices lower than any house on

the coast. My goods are made of the best

selected material, and by white labor. All

goods guaranteed as represented.

ORDERS FROM ALL

PARTS OF THE COUNTRY

WILL BE PROMPTLY FILLED.

Will be pleased to send samples free to

any address. Having the advantage of buy-

ing goods cheaper than my competitors,

I will not be undersold,

As I keep a buyer constantly in the

market ready to secure bargains.

Remember, promptness, good goods

and bottom prices guaranteed.

Chas. A. Loomis,

Commercial Row, RENO, NEVADA.

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Commercial Row, RENO, NEVADA.

KILLED THE WRONG MAN.

A Shocking and Cowardly Murder at Grantsville.

From W. F. Dyer and Sam Crescenzo, who returned from Grantsville Sunday, the Austin Reveille has information of the shooting and killing of a man at that place about 11 o'clock on Wednesday, but has been unable to learn the names of either of the parties, both of whom were miners. It seems there had been a quarrel or difficulty of some sort between the two men, and both were in a saloon at the time indicated, when one of them started off for the purpose of arming himself with a weapon. During his absence the other man entered in conversation with a friend that was sitting in a chair talking, when shortly the belligerent individual returned with a weapon, and at once drew, shot and killed the wrong man, the ball entering the forehead. The man doing the shooting at once started to run, but was pursued and arrested before he had gone far. The affair created a good deal of excitement, and for a time the prisoner's life was not altogether safe. The Deputy Sheriff managed to get him in a tunnel and there held him until in the night, when it is believed the officer left with his charge for Belmont, the county seat, where he will be safely held for the law's disposition. This being the first fatal result from the bullet in Grantsville, and the life of an innocent man sacrificed, it was very natural that the affair aroused the indignation of the people.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Harry Mack was the name of the murdered man. He was shot by Rob. Burns, recently from Candelaria. Burns would probably have been lynched on the spot had it not been for the District Attorney of Nye, who addressed the excited crowd. An examination before a Justice followed, and the prisoner was held to answer. As Grantsville was not considered safe for him, he was taken to Belmont, where he now lies in jail, awaiting trial.

The Oregon and Winnemucca Rail Road.

Some two weeks ago the Silver State copied an item from an Oregon paper relative to the proposed railroad from Grantsville, in that State, to Winnemucca. A. J. Shepherd, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s agent there, wrote to the express agent at Brownsville, Or., inquiring if work was progressing on the road, or if the road was likely to be built. He has received an answer to his inquiries from O. P. Cashow, express agent at Brownsville, who says that a Scotch company is building a narrow gauge railroad from Portland, via Brownsville and Springfield to Winnemucca, or some point in that vicinity, on the Central Pacific Railroad. Brownsville is one hundred miles south of Portland, and Springfield is twenty-five miles south of Brownsville, and near the head of the Willamette Valley. From Springfield the road will start across the Cascade Mountains, in the direction of Winnemucca. The road is to be completed to Brownsville by the first of November next. Next summer it will be finished to Springfield, and perhaps further in that direction. The charter is for a road from Portland or Astoria to Winnemucca. This is conclusive evidence that a road is being built from Portland to Winnemucca, but it may be years before it is completed.

Hell on Wheels Realized.

The Nevada City Transcript says that on Tuesday last, as Walter Finchley and another teamster were descending the Purdon grade on this side of the South Yuba, the brake on the wagon behind Finchley gave way, and the wagon and horses were precipitated with great violence upon Finchley's wagon, which was loaded with giant powder for the Sierra Buttes mine. He saw the wagon coming rapidly upon him, and endeavored to get out of the road, but was not in time. The collision broke one of the wheels of Finchley's wagon, and skinned several of the horses of the wagon behind. Finchley says that when he saw the wagon coming, he made up his mind there would be an explosion of giant powder, and they would all go to heaven together. Finchley deposited his load on the roadside and brought back his wagon to Nevada City to have a new wheel put on.

Good Chub Fishing.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. McFarlin and C. S. Osburn and wife made a trip to Steamboat Slough on Saturday. Mr. Osburn and Mrs. McFarlin together caught fifty-two chubs in two hours, using worms for bait. The slough is full of chubs about eight inches long. It empties into the Truckee back of Peckham's place, and is about six miles from town.

Kinkadee's Examination for Embezzlement.

The examination in the case of the State vs. James H. Kinkadee, a suit for embezzlement, was to-day resumed in the Justice's Court. Little progress has been made, and nothing new developed, beyond what has already been reported in the GAZETTE.

THE TRUE SITUATION.

A Bodie Paper's Account of the Grasshoppers About Reno—Let Outsiders Know the Worst.

The Bodie Standard-News thus describes the ravages of the grasshoppers in this section:

"In Steamboat valley and along the Truckee at Reno, the grasshoppers are marshalled in myriads, their skirmishes are in every field and garden spot. The main body lying on their arms in squads knee deep in luxuriance—a dividing fence. Not a green thing is left to mark the spot where a few short days since the rich green fields of alfalfa waved in luxuriance—but drear barrenness. Nor is any green thing allowed to rise above the surface. The tender shoot bursting its way through mother earth is eagerly rooted out before it fairly makes its appearance. The fruit trees and vines all have shared the same common fate, leaving the gardens of Reno, the pride and boast of her people, a desert waste."

The Standard-News is informed that the situation is far more grave. On the arid desert, which leafless, treeless and deserted, now stretches between Reno and Steamboat, the grasshoppers are three feet deep. Every green thing was eaten up long ago, and the earth is completely honeycombed to a depth of eighteen inches by the excavations of the insects in search of grass roots. The beautiful groves of *lignum vitae* have been gnawed down on a level with the ground, not a vestige of their stems remaining. The insects are terribly voracious. After the fences were devoured they ate up the telegraph poles and the ties of the V. & T. railroad. It may be weeks before telegraph and railroad communication can be restored with Carson. The grasshoppers are now devouring each other by myriads. Their numbers would be sensibly diminished by this slaughter, did not millions daily hatch out from the ground. The clashing of the mandibles of the insects sounds to the beleaguered inhabitants of Reno like the angry roar of the surf upon a distant shore. Looking from the top of the Depot Hotel, from the town limits to the mountains beyond Steamboat, the eye rests upon an unbroken sea of grasshoppers, glistening green under the rays of the fiery sun. The morning and the evening flights of the insects to the Truckee for water are awe-inspiring. Just after sunrise, when all is still save the subdued grinding of the jaws of the more voracious hoppers, preying upon their fellows, the creatures begin to rise. There comes a sound as of a sighing, gentle breeze, gradually increasing in volume until it deepens to a noise like the rushing of a mighty wind. The air is filled with insects, completely shutting out the light of the sun, and the town remains in darkness while the flight continues. At evening the same thing occurs. Grave fears are entertained for the safety of the people shut up in their houses on the meadows. Should the desperate insects eat away their dwellings, the human beings in them would, if not devoured, probably be borne down and smothered by the frightful pests.

A Nuisance That Should be Stopped.

One of the most flagrant violations of law permitted in this town is the running of water across the streets in open ditches. A town ordinance requires that water taken across streets must be either piped or conveyed in a covered ditch. Yet there is scarcely a street in town where an open running ditch cannot be found. It is impossible to drive a buggy about town without covering the wheels with mud from these ditches. Citizens complain that the District Attorney and Road Supervisor Harrison have time and again been notified of the existence of these open water courses. It is high time for something to be done about it.

A Thief Who Was Probably Anhungered.

A burglar broke into Schaefer's butcher shop on Saturday night and carried off two strings of bologna sausage and the loose change in the money drawer, amounting to forty-five cents. The weight of the stolen sausage is estimated at forty pounds. Entrance was effected by cutting a hole through the wire door in the front of the shop, which is on Sierra street, close to the GAZETTE office. No clue to the thief has yet been found, and Schaefer concludes that some hungry tramp must have carried off the missing bolognas.

An Electric Storm.

A thunder storm came down upon Warm Springs valley Sunday. The air was full of electricity, and at Royce's station every thing was snapping. Mrs. Royce was doing some work about her kitchen, and happening to touch the stove received a violent shock, which nearly knocked her down. She called out and her husband came in, but could touch nothing without a heavy shock. He called in the hostler, who picked up a stove lid, but dropped it as quickly, yelling, "Oh! be jabbers, its full of minerality."

A COOL RETREAT.

Dog Valley in the Sierra—A Charming Nook in the Mountains Where the Pine Trees Grow.

The finest drive out of Reno is to Dog valley, thirteen miles away. The road follows the north bank of the Truckee river, foaming and dashing over its rocky bed, nearly all the way to Crystal Peak. A few steps over the hill bring one to the State line. Here an iron monument bears on its west side, "California;" on the east, "Nevada;" on the south, "120° Longitude West of Greenwich;" on the north, "170 miles to Oregon." The word BREWERY on a sign board hanging from a building in California, just over the line, will be apt to fix the masculine reader's attention. The building is the Crystal Peak Brewery, and the lover of good beer will enjoy a visit to its cool cellars and watch with interest how the brew is made.

For three miles beyond the brewery the road climbs the Dog valley grade, winding along a mountain side through a forest of pine and fir. Trees hundreds of years old throw their shadows across the way. Tapering boles rise straight as an arrow for upwards of a hundred feet from the ground. Trees that only need trimming to make fit masts for an Admiral's ship stand all around one. There is a variety of underbrush growing along the roadside. The glistening green leaves of the *canothus* turn their edges to the sun. *Wyethia*, or wild sunflower, grows thickly in patches, its yellow flowers brightening the prevailing shade of green. Never-failing springs of ice-cold, crystal water gush out here and there from the mountain side.

When the summit of the grade is reached, one looks straight down from the mountain, hundreds of feet below into Dog valley. There it lies, level and green, with a tiny stream winding through it, enclosed by lofty mountains covered by a heavy growth of trees—a miniature Yosemite. The descent into the valley is accomplished by a winding road, graded along the side of the mountain. There is abundance of shade afforded by the aspens which line the banks of the little stream. The horses crop with avidity the tall native grasses which grow luxuriantly on the meadow land. The stream affords an abundance of pure water. Half a mile down the south side of the valley an iron spring flows into its bed. Here is a charming spot for a camp. A grove of deciduous trees gives a grateful shade, and the ground is level, dry and free from stones. The air of the valley is always cool and fresh, laden with health-giving balsamic odors of the fir and the pine.

Who gave the name of Dog valley to one of the most charming nooks in the great Sierra's chain? Had nature carved such a fissure in any accessible mountain range in Europe, it would have been famous ages ago, and every year in our time American tourists by hundreds would have been "guided" into it and over it, spending their dollars lavishly at its costly hotels.

Mangled by a Bear.

Says the Fresno Expositor: A. J. Wade, an old citizen who has resided for some years on the San Joaquin, while in the mountains recently in the employ of McDonrid, taking care of sheep, was fearfully mangled by a female bear. He was in the pinery, some miles from camp, in the Sierra east of Grand Valley, when he came suddenly upon a female bear and her cubs. The old bear immediately made fight, and as there were no saplings near to climb, Wade sought to escape by retreating around a tree, the bear at his heels. For a time he was successful; but the bear suddenly turned and met him face to face, and catching him by the legs, threw him down and severely bit him in fifteen or twenty places. At this juncture Wade's little dog interfered, and the bear left Wade and retreated into the thicket to her cubs. Wade then started to crawl toward camp, but no sooner did he show signs of life than the bear was again at his side. Determined to be effectual in her work this time, she mangled his flesh horribly, crushing the bones of both arms and legs. Wade lies in a precarious condition, his life being despaired of.

A Case of Shocking Cruelty.

A cruel curmudgeon Tuesday had in town a pair of unshod horses, attached to a heavy farm wagon. Their feet were in a shocking condition. One of them, a gray, had feet that sickened one to look at. From one hoof the blood was oozing where the horn had been worn away nearly down to the quick. When remonstrated with for driving a horse whose feet were in that condition, the rancher said the animal was not worth the cost of a pair of shoes. And yet he was mean enough to work him! The horse is a noble animal and yet often has a brute for a master. There should be a law that could snatch such cruel drivers from their seats and lash them into some semblance of humanity.

A CASE OF STABBING.

Edward F. Maher Stabbed By Pat Reiley Last Night.

Edward F. Maher was stabbed at a late hour Monday by Pat Reiley. So far as could be learned by a reporter, the facts of the case are as follows: Maher was sitting on a bench at the edge of the sidewalk in front of the Opera 5-cent beer saloon, on Virginia street. Reiley approached him, knife in hand, and made a lunge at his breast. Maher partially warded off the blow and the knife took effect in his thigh, the blade making a deep wound just below the hip joint. Maher then made for the Ohio House, a short distance off, and Reiley disappeared.

Maher's wound bled freely, and a short time after the accident he seemed hardly able to walk. He remained at the Ohio House that night, where his wound was dressed by Dr. Hogan. This morning he came down stairs unassisted, and shortly afterwards left the hotel, supported by a friend. The reporter was unable to find him to-day. Maher is an Irishman, about 26 years old. He had been working on Ball's ranch at Washoe during the past four months. He bears a good reputation. For some days preceding the stabbing he had kept full of beer, and was intoxicated when the affair occurred.

Pat Reiley is a man unknown to the police. Three fingers are missing from his left hand. The wound he gave Maher was probably inflicted with a pocket knife.

A Hale Old Man of 97 Years.

"Hi'm hoi for Hindiana" was the surprising announcement made by old Thomas Watson to his son in Lassen county, the other day. Watson senior is ninety-seven years old. He was born in England, but lived a few score years in Indiana. He has been on the Pacific Coast a long time. Young Thomas laughed when his father spoke of taking "a spin back East." It was right in the midst of harvest. But go the old man would, and the son and the son's wife concluded to accompany him. They arrived here Monday, put up at the Golden Eagle that night, and took the train for the East Tuesday morning.

The Kinkadee Embezzlement Case.

The examination of James H. Kinkadee on the charge of embezzlement preferred by B. E. Hunter proceeded in the Justice's court all day Monday. Slow progress was made, as the evidence was all taken down in writing. Nothing new of special interest was developed. Gen. R. M. Clarke and C. S. Varian appeared for the defendant. The prosecution was conducted by W. M. Boardman and District Attorney Bowman. At a late hour that evening the examination was continued until Saturday night, in order to enable General Clarke to attend to some business at Winnemucca.

Ho for Clover Valley.

A large party of campers started out for Clover and other northern valleys Tuesday. They went in three teams with their luggage, medicine chests and camping outfit. The party consisted of Dave McFarland, Clifford, M. J. Smith, W. Caughland, P. B. Comstock and boy, Mat. Good and Ed. Thoms. All were sober when they started. They will be gone a week or ten days. The wagons fairly bristled with bamboo rods, and groaned beneath the weight of hamper of champagne and other liquors.

Departures From Lee's Yard.

Heavy freight teams left Lee's yard Tuesday as follows: Petree's and Thomas Green's for Surprise; Hank's for Susanville, and one for Greenville. Three lumber-laden teams arrived from Sierra valley this morning, and will leave to-morrow for Eureka Hill, with freight for the Plumas-Eureka mine.

Another Polar Expedition.

Mr. McDonald, the manager of the W. U. Telegraph office in Reno, has surprised all who know him by going on a pleasure trip. He left Tuesday to join John Blair, Whitmer and McInnis, who have the start of him. The party will be gone about a fortnight, and will cruise through Lassen and Modoc counties.

Cattle Shipment.

Cattle shipping to California is commencing early this season. Lee last Tuesday shipped 154 head of Todhunter's cattle to Sacramento and San Francisco, where they will be marketed. Cattle in this market are now worth about four and a half cents.

True to Every Promise.

W. W. Cole's gigantic shows were new, original, and the most complete exhibitions that were ever given in this city. The only thing that he can say is this: "Nothing like it on earth."—Baltimore, Md., Commercial, Saturday, Aug. 21, is the date in Reno.

JOTTINGS.

—Potosi is assessed 50 cents.
—The number of registered voters is 265.

—Utah is assessed \$2 and Bechtel 25 cents.

—Grand Prize has declared a dividend of 25 cents.

—Mr. Price has his new flume at Ophir about completed.

—Eggs are hardening. The retail price is now thirty cents a dozen.

—Cole's great circus will be here next Saturday.

—Krust & Jones will hereafter keep a full supply of fruits and vegetables on hand.

—Butter is stronger and scarce. It is selling in job lots from 25 to 27 cents.

—The Board of Trustees of the J. & K. mine have passed a resolution to buy a mill.

—Walter Schmidt has changed the name of the Desert Salt Works to the "Desert Crystal Salt Works."

—It is an unfortunate coincidence that the moonlight nights should come just as the watermelons are ripening.

—Sheriff Walker will sell a quantity of hay and grain on the Lagonarino ranch, near Steamboat, next Monday at ten o'clock, by auction.

—A club of Young Democrats is being formed. J. B. Williams, Judge Cossitt, Judge Haydon and General Hagerman are active members.

—Those sewing machines for which Lachman & Meyer are agents are becoming very popular.

—Mrs. I. T. Benham advertises her house for sale. The family intend to remove to Washington Territory.

—If everybody is going to camp out, the GAZETTE office will shut down, and then we can all have a little rest.

—Sheriff Walker sold the Desert Salt Works Saturday to W. H. Smith for \$6,000. They cost five times that.

—Mr. Rankin delivered a very good address before the Reform Club on Saturday evening. The drama, "To Pass Away the Time," was enacted with great spirit.

—There is a large hole in the platform over the cistern at the intersection of Virginia street and Commercial Row. It is dangerous, and Road Supervisor Harrison would do well to cover it up.

—At a meeting of the Trustees of the Agricultural society on Saturday evening it was decided to extend the time for entries in trotting until Sept. 5, and in stakes until Sept. 1.

—The health of Reno is very unsatisfactory to the doctors just now. There are no bad cases of illness of any sort and no epidemics about.

—The wives of Reno ought to know that "I've been at the Club meeting" is no excuse for stumbling into the house after 12 o'clock. The meetings of the political clubs are always out before 10 o'clock.

—There will be no Reform Club entertainment on Saturday evening next. Cole's great circus and menagerie, "the only electric-lighted, sun-eclipsing show," will be here then. Nothing can compete with it.

—Nails have rushed from \$6 to \$6.50 per keg. This will prevent many a man in Reno from building this fall. "Yes," they will say, "I intended to build, and the money's in the bank, but I can't stand nails at \$6.50, you understand."

The Comstock-McFarland Expedition.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

CAMP NO. 1, ADAMS' NECK, Tuesday. The party arrived here at 5 P. M., all nearly sober. We had the good fortune to bag half a dozen grouse on the road (say Mcshot 'em from the wagon.) Found a hole here with some trout in it, and killed half a dozen with our bamboo poles (butt ends.) Had a glorious supper. All in good spirits (pretty full in fact.) Will have to move on to-morrow, as one of the boys has gone to get some chickens for breakfast. Country so far passed through remarkably dry. Water on the road entirely unsuited for drinking purposes. No difficulty in getting credit, as none of us are well known out here.

Fly Fishing by Moonlight.

Mrs. A. P. Williams of San Francisco, an accomplished lady and expert angler, caught the largest trout of the season at Webber lake, by moonlight, last Monday evening, using a white fly. This is the first case yet reported of successful fly fishing by moonlight on any of the mountain lakes.

Reward for a Murderer.

A reward of \$500 is offered by the citizens of Ormsby county for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of old Jack Hans, who was last week found dead with a bullet hole through his heart, in Jack's valley.

Going Into the Fish Business.

J. H. Snow, lately employed as accountant for A. McIntosh of Boca, Cal., has resigned his position. He intends engaging extensively in the purchase and sale of Truckee trout at Pyramid lake and Wadsworth.

A Nevada Landscape as Viewed From a Bicycle.

C. M. Fassett of Reno communicated to a recent number of the *Bicycling World* an interesting account of a bicycle ride to Virginia. The following is an extract:

"Looking down a steep canyon which lay at right angles with the one I had just come up, I saw the valley of Washoe, a beautiful strip of green meadow lying five hundred feet below me, backed by the Sierra and a clear sky beyond. Again I pursued my way, and when nearly to the top of the ascent I turned and looked again, and lo! the summer landscape had become a winter one. The west wind had lifted a cloud over the peaks, and the upper half of my landscape was shut out from view by the fast-falling snow. There was something grandly beautiful in that sight—in the towering peaks on my side of the valley, in the frame of barrenness, grandeur and winter about my summer picture—that made a deep and lasting impression upon my mind. I stooped and picked a handful of violets and was glad I was not in the storm. The descent into Virginia was easily accomplished, nearly all the way with legs over the handles. I had the honor of being the first man who had ever ridden a bicycle into the city, and my wheel was the only one ever there. Virginia is situated on the side of Mount Davidson, and the streets which run up and down the mountain are so steep as to make it utterly impossible to ride up or down, so I do not think they will ever be able to boast of a bicycle club. After a few hours spent in visiting friends I started for home and arrived without further incident, feeling refreshed in mind although slightly wearied in body."

Items From the Truckee "Republican."

On Sunday evening Frank Rabel, an old and well known citizen, was stricken with paralysis. Little hope of his recovery is entertained.

John Flagg, who at one time kept the toll house one-half mile from Randolph, Sierra Valley, died very suddenly of epilepsy last Saturday.

The Washoe Engine Co. having disbanded, the insurance companies of San Francisco have informed their agents in this place that the policies carried by them will be cancelled unless another fire company is organized for the protection of property.

Greenbackers' County Convention.

The Greenback County Committee has issued a call for a County Convention to be held at Galena, Washoe county, on Sunday next. The object of the Convention is to nominate a full county ticket and to officially reject overtures of affiliation from the Democracy. Primaries will be held on Saturday. Voters in this precinct may deposit their ballots in Dr. Hogan's office at any time during the week with the assurance that they will all be counted in. The Washoe Greenbackers propose to make an aggressive fight, and will be no mean element in the election next November.

Endorsed Him.

A good thing happened in the recent convention at Carson. Col. Bishop was making one of his characteristic speeches, and remarked that he was the man that made Hayes President. He said: "I was last in the Nevada delegation and cast the 185th vote. I was the last delegate on God's earth that voted for R. B. Hayes, and," he added, "don't you know I have wished a hundred times since that I had died just before I cast that vote?" James E. Anderson, of Louisiana, returning board fame, turned to a GAZETTE reporter and said: "So have I."

To the Public.

CARSON, NEV., Aug. 17, 1880. I do most emphatically deny that I ever authorized John H. Kinkadee, or Jasper Babcock, or either of them, individually or as a Board of Examiners, to say that I fully agreed with them in their report on the conduct of Mr. Crockett, State Treasurer, with the Reno Savings Bank. That statement was added to the report, without my knowledge or consent, after the Board of Examiners had adjourned, on the 13th day of August, 1880.

M. A. MURPHY,
Attorney General.

Courage and Capital.

Everything had a new and fresh appearance, and when W. Cole tells you that he has got a new show, there is no mistake about it. The only living Sea Elephants are there, and you will see the most wonderful and the most beautiful trained stallions in the world. At last we have found a man who has the courage and capital to revolutionize the show business. *Columbus State Journal, May 13th.* Remember that this famous show exhibits in Reno, Saturday, Aug. 21.

For The Legislature.

It is said that W. T. Hanford would be willing to serve this county in the Legislature this winter. Mr. Hanford has had a great deal of experience in State government and legislative matters, and is familiar with all the details, besides having an extensive acquaintance all over the State. Captain Bragg says he is not a candidate.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Nevada City is to have a rifle club. The population of Washington Ter. is 74,753.

The Mechanics' Fair has opened at San Francisco.

The honey crop of California will be very short this year.

Grasshoppers are doing much harm in Humboldt county, Cal.

A Bear Harbor, Mendocino, farmer has a 5-legged calf, now two months old.

Katie J. Craig contradicts, in the *Silver State*, the report that she saw Tully shoot St. Clair at Lovelock's.

Eastern capitalists have been looking at Col. Peter Donahue's road, the North Pacific Coast and the Sonoma Valley, with a view probably to purchase.

Piute squaws at Mono lake are gathering their winter supply of food. They scoop up tons of a curious sort of water insect found in the lake and dry them.

Thomas French was recently lost near Elk Mountain, Wyoming. His partner, Shafer, was killed by a mountain lion. French was without food for eight days.

A band of a hundred and forty horses and mules arrived in Walla Walla from Battle Mountain, Nevada, having, while crossing the desert, no feed for six days, during which time two of the animals died.

Work on the new railroad from Walla Walla to Grange City, Oregon, commenced on the morning of the 10th, at 7 o'clock. The first sod was turned by Colonel F. J. Parker of the Walla Walla Statesman.

A force of men under the direction of Col. Gillespie has commenced the work of scraping Columbia Bar. They have chartered a tug on which the government scraper has been fitted. As soon as the channel is made, Col. Gillespie will order it properly buoyed.

A verdict for \$10,000 damages has been rendered in Los Angeles against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and in favor of Ellen Brown, for damages caused by the death of her husband, a conductor on the railroad, during a sandstorm on the Colorado desert in 1878.

The track of the Southern Pacific is now about fifty-one miles beyond Benson, or 101 miles east of Tucson, and they are laying down over two miles per day. It is thought that the next permanent station will be made at a point about four miles this side of Railroad Pass, where there are two good wells.

The Oregon Railroad and Navigation Company commenced August 10th laying its track from Wallulla to Umatilla. The track will be narrow gauge. Cars will be running from Walla Walla to Umatilla by the 15th instant. With this track finished, boats will not run to Wallulla and Umatilla, and difficult rapids will be avoided.

DIED.

HENNEY.—In Reno, August 8, 1880, Maria, wife of Robert Henney, aged 36.

MARRIED.

RODGERS—LAKE.—In Reno, Aug. 12, by Rev. W. R. Jenney, W. F. Rogers to Della Lake.

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\$1500 \$5000 A YEAR, or \$5 to \$30 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to \$2 an hour by devoting your evening and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Ready, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, all particulars and private terms free; samples worth \$5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. nov18-17

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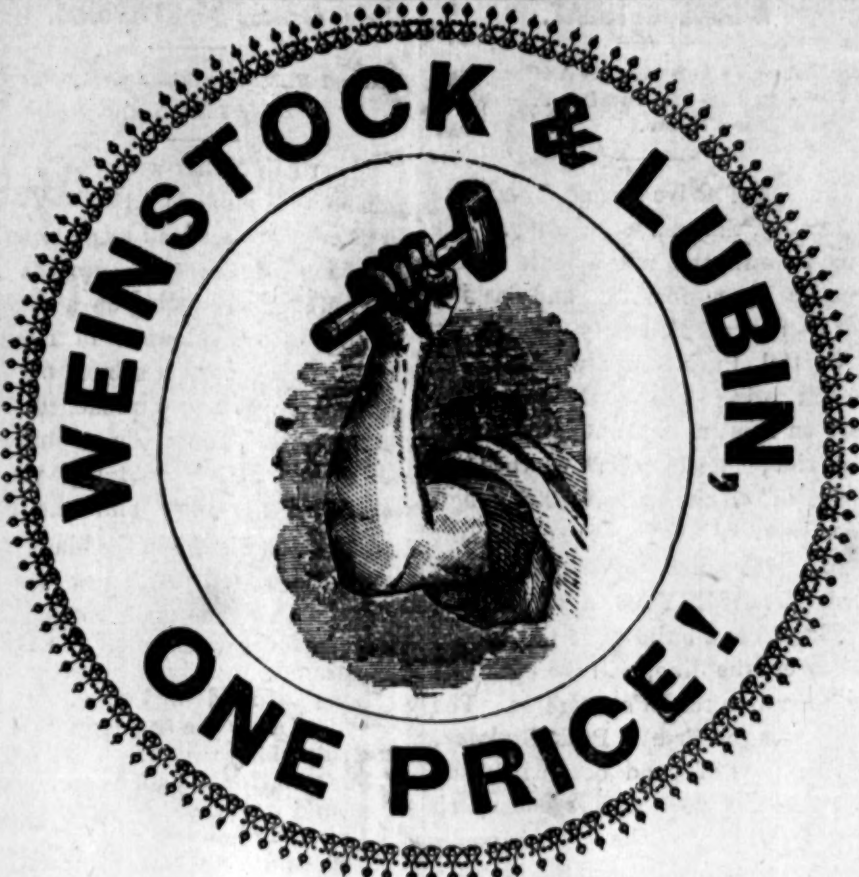
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GALVA, ILL., July 16, 1879.

OSCAR SMALLLEY.

Messrs. Corrick & Johnson:

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NEWBERRY, S. C., July 17, 1879.

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